

# Infinity Product for Constant $e = 2.718281 \dots$

---

Edgar Valdebenito

January , 2016

## Abstract

In this note we show an infinite product for the constant  $e$ :

$$e = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n = 2.718281 \dots$$

## Resumen

En esta nota mostramos un producto infinito para la constante  $e$ :

$$e = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n = 2.718281 \dots$$

**Keywords:** constant  $e$  , infinity product , recurrence.

## 1. Introducción

Sea  $f(n)$  la sucesión definida por:

$$f(n) = n! \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{1}{k!} , n = 0,1,2,3, \dots$$

La sucesión  $f(n)$  satisface la recurrencia:

$$f(n+1) = (n+1)f(n) + 1, f(0) = 1$$

Algunos valores de  $f(n)$  son:

$$\{f(n) : n \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}\} = \{1, 2, 5, 16, 65, 326, 1957, \dots\}$$

La sucesión  $f(n)$ , aparece en un producto infinito para la constante  $e$

## 2. Producto Infinito

Sea  $m \in \mathbb{N} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, \dots\}$ , se tiene:

$$e = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{f(mn)(m(n-1))!}{f(m(n-1))(mn)!} = \left(\frac{f(m)}{m!}\right) \left(\frac{f(2m)m!}{f(m)(2m)!}\right) \left(\frac{f(3m)(2m)!}{f(2m)(3m)!}\right) \dots$$

El producto infinito se puede escribir como:

$$e = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{f(mn)}{f(m(n-1))(m(n-1)+1)_m}$$

donde  $(x)_m = x(x+1)(x+2) \dots (x+m-1)$ .

Otra forma equivalente es:

$$e = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{f(mn)}{f(m(n-1))} \binom{mn}{m(n-1)}^{-1} \frac{1}{m!}$$

donde  $\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$ .

## 3. Ejemplos

Ejemplo 1:  $m = 1$

$$e = \frac{2}{1!} \left(\frac{5 \cdot 1!}{2 \cdot 2!}\right) \left(\frac{16 \cdot 2!}{5 \cdot 3!}\right) \dots = \frac{2}{1_1} \left(\frac{5}{2 \cdot 2_1}\right) \left(\frac{16}{5 \cdot 3_1}\right) \dots$$

Ejemplo 2:  $m = 2$

$$e = \frac{5}{2!} \left(\frac{65 \cdot 2!}{5 \cdot 4!}\right) \left(\frac{1957 \cdot 4!}{65 \cdot 6!}\right) \dots = \frac{5}{1_2} \left(\frac{65}{5 \cdot 3_2}\right) \left(\frac{1957}{65 \cdot 5_2}\right) \dots$$

Ejemplo 3 :  $m = 3$

$$e = \frac{16}{3!} \left( \frac{1957 \cdot 3!}{16 \cdot 6!} \right) \left( \frac{986410 \cdot 6!}{1957 \cdot 9!} \right) \dots = \frac{16}{1_3} \left( \frac{1957}{16 \cdot 4_3} \right) \left( \frac{986410}{1957 \cdot 7_3} \right) \dots$$

## Referencias

Abramowitz, M., and Stegun, I.A.: Handbook of Mathematical Functions. Nueva York: Dover , 1965.

Boros, G. and Moll, V. Irresistible Integrals: Symbolics, Analysis and Experiments in the Evaluation of Integrals. Cambridge,England:Cambridge University Press,2004.

Gradshteyn, I.S., and Ryzhik, I.M.: Table of Integrals,Series and Products. 5<sup>th</sup> ed.,ed. Alan Jeffrey. Academic Press, 1994.

Spiegel,M.R.: Mathematical Handbook, McGraw-Hill Book Company , New York , 1968.

Valdebenito, E.: Pi Handbook , manuscript , unpublished , 1989 , (20000 formulas).