The Principle of Planet Formation

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Abstract: Anthony Abruzzo hypothesized the foundational understanding that planets are by-products of stellar evolution, and not the by-products of their formation. The principle is described below. The title of Abruzzo's paper is misleading, as this is a new understanding and requires that a considerable amount of discernment be used.

In establishment astronomy as of January 15, 2016 it is still believed that planets are by-products of star formation. This is an incorrect philosophy, as it leads to a multitude of issues such as planet core formation, the angular momentum problem of the nebular hypothesis and core accretion theories, the formation of 1cm particles into 1km sized particles, etc. The amount of hypotheticals which have arisen from a failed philosophy are increasing in number as well, with the discovery of thousands of exo-planets doing things that were not permitted by theory or predicted. The solution presents itself as an easy to understand deviation from standard accepted theory, to pave the way for the creation of future enlightened astronomers, so that they are not perpetually conditioned into a false dogma/paradigm.

The outdated philosophy, followed by the updated philosophy presented below.

- 1. Planets are by-products of star formation. (Planets are the same age as stars.)
- 2. Planets are by-products of stellar evolution.¹ (The planet is the old evolving star.)

¹Abruzzo, A. (2008). Are Planets the End Products Rather than the By-Products of Stellar Evolution? The General Science Journal.