On various Ramanujan's equations (Hardy-Ramanujan number, taxicab numbers, etc) linked to some parameters of Standard Model Particles and String Theory: New possible mathematical connections. V

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Abstract

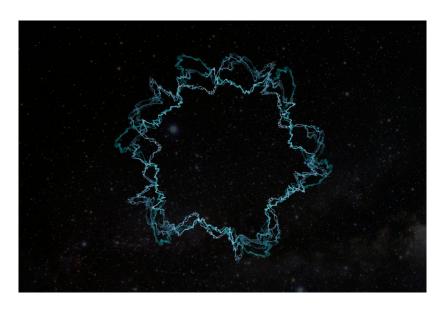
In this research thesis, we have described and deepened further Ramanujan equations (Hardy-Ramanujan number, taxicab numbers, etc) linked to some parameters of Standard Model Particles and String Theory. We have therefore obtained further possible mathematical connections.

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https://www.britannica.com/biography/Srinivasa-Ramanujan



https://futurism.com/brane-science-complex-notions-of-superstring-theory

If
$$\frac{1+53x+9x^{2-}}{1-92x-92x^{2}+23} = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^{2} + a_3x^{3} + \cdots$$
or
$$\frac{a_0}{x} + \frac{a_1}{x_1} + \frac{a_{12}}{x_2} + \cdots$$

$$0x \frac{a_0}{x} + \frac{a_1}{x_2} + \frac{a_1}{x_2} + \cdots$$

$$0x \frac{a_0}{x} + \frac{a_1}{x_2} + \cdots$$

$$0x \frac{a_0}{x} + \frac{a_1}{x_2} + \cdots$$

$$0x \frac{a_0}{x} + \frac{a_1}{x_2} + \frac{a_1}{x_2} + \cdots$$

$$0$$

https://plus.maths.org/content/ramanujan

Ramanujan's manuscript

The representations of 1729 as the sum of two cubes appear in the bottom right corner. The equation expressing the near counter examples to Fermat's last theorem appears further up: $\alpha^3 + \beta^3 = \gamma^3 + (-1)^n$.

From Wikipedia

The **taxicab number**, typically denoted Ta(n) or Taxicab(n), also called the nth **Hardy–Ramanujan number**, is defined as the smallest integer that can be expressed as a sum of two positive integer cubes in n distinct ways. The most famous taxicab number is $1729 = Ta(2) = 1^3 + 12^3 = 9^3 + 10^3$.

From:

Two-Field Born-Infeld with Diverse Dualities

S. Ferrara, A. Sagnotti and A. Yeranyan - arXiv:1602.04566v3 [hep-th] 8 Jul 2016

From:

$$\bar{\phi} = 6$$
; $\phi = 8$; $F = 9$; $\bar{F} = 10$; $V = 12$; $\bar{V} = 135$; $v = 138$; $\bar{v} = 172$

$$9^{3} + 10^{3} = 12^{3} + 1$$

 $6^{3} + 8^{3} = 9^{3} - 1$

$$135^{-3} + 138^{3} = 172^{3} - 1$$

$$F = 6$$
; $\bar{F} = 8$; $f = 9$ and $\gamma = 10$

$$\mathcal{L} - f^{2} \left[1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{F^{2} + \overline{F}^{2}}{2 f^{2}} \right)^{2} - \frac{1}{f^{2}} \sqrt{F^{2} F^{2}} \left(\frac{1}{f^{2}} \sqrt{F^{2} F^{2}} - \gamma \right)} \right]$$

$$+ \gamma \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{F^{2} + \overline{F}^{2}}{2 f^{2}} - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{F^{2} + \overline{F}^{2}}{2 f^{2}} \right)^{2} - \frac{1}{f^{2}} \sqrt{F^{2} \overline{F}^{2}} \left(\frac{1}{f^{2}} \sqrt{F^{2} \overline{F}^{2}} - \gamma \right)}}{\frac{1}{f^{2}} \sqrt{F^{2} \overline{F}^{2}} - \gamma} \right) \right],$$

$$(2.38)$$

 $81[1-(((1+(6^2+8^2)/(2*9^2))^2-1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)*(1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)-10)))^1/2 + 10 \text{ atanh } ((((1+(6^2+8^2)/(2*9^2)-(((1+(6^2+8^2)/(2*9^2))^2-1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)*(1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)-10)))^1/2))) / ((1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)-10))]$

 $(((1+(6^2+8^2)/(2*9^2))^2-1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)*(1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)-10)))^1/2$

Input:

$$\sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} \left(\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10\right)}$$

Result:

$$\frac{\sqrt{53737}}{81}$$

Decimal approximation:

2.861881779887940244147018014647189581730989623566768581840...

2.86188177988794

$$81[1-(2.86188177988794) + 10 \text{ atanh } (((((((1+(6^2+8^2)/(2*9^2)-(2.86188177988794))))) / ((1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)-10)))))]$$

Input interpretation:

$$81 \left(1 - 2.86188177988794 + 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.86188177988794}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10} \right) \right)$$

 $\tanh^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse hyperbolic tangent function

Result:

-43.017729954751...

-43.017729954751...

Alternative representations:

$$81 \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.861881779887940000}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10}\right)\right) = 81 \left(-1.861881779887940000 + 10 \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{-1.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}}{-10 + \frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2}}\right) \mid 1\right)\right)$$

$$81 \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.861881779887940000}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10}\right)\right) = 81 \left(-1.861881779887940000 - 10 i sc^{-1} \left(\frac{i \left(-1.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}\right)\right)}{-10 + \frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2}}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$81 \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.861881779887940000}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10}\right)\right) = 81 \left(-1.861881779887940000 + 5 \left(-\log \left(1 - \frac{-1.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}}{-10 + \frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2}}\right)\right) + \log \left(1 + \frac{-1.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}}{-10 + \frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2}}\right)\right)\right)$$

Series representations:

Integral representations:

We have that:

$$-3*81[1-(2.86188177988794) + 10 \text{ atanh } (((((((1+(6^2+8^2)/(2*9^2)-(2.86188177988794)))))} / ((1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)-10)))))]+47-4$$

Input interpretation:

$$-3 \times 81 \left(1 - 2.86188177988794 + 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.86188177988794}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10} \right) \right) + 47 - 4$$

 $\tanh^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse hyperbolic tangent function

Result:

172.05318986425...

 $172.05318986425... \approx 172$ (Ramanujan taxicab number)

Alternative representations:

$$-3 \times 81 \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \\ 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.861881779887940000}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10}\right) + 47 - 4 = 43 - \\ 243 \left(-1.861881779887940000 + 10 \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{-1.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}}{-10 + \frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2}}\right) \right| 1\right)\right) \\ -3 \times 81 \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \\ 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.861881779887940000}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10}\right) + 47 - 4 = 43 - 243 \\ \left(-1.861881779887940000 - 10 i sc^{-1} \left(\frac{i \left(-1.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}\right)}{-10 + \frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2}}\right) \right| 0\right)\right)$$

$$-3 \times 81 \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \\ 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.861881779887940000}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10}\right) + 47 - 4 = 43 - \\ 243 \left(-1.861881779887940000 + 5 \left(-\log \left(1 - \frac{-1.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}}{-10 + \frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2}}\right)\right) + \\ \log \left(1 + \frac{-1.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}}{-10 + \frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2}}\right)\right) \right)$$

Series representations:

$$10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.861881779887940000}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10} \right) + 47 - 4 =$$

495.437272512769420 + 1215.0000000000000000 log(2) -

1215.0000000000000000

Integral representations:

Input interpretation:

$$-\frac{1}{7} \left(81 \left(1 - 2.86188177988794 + 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.86188177988794}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10} \right) \right) \right)^3 + 89 + 7$$

 $\tanh^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse hyperbolic tangent function

Result:

11468.19837370...

 $11468.1983737... \approx 11468$ (Ramanujan taxicab number)

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(81 \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \right) \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179987940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179987940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179987940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179987940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} \right) \left(1 - 2.86188179987940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(81 \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.861881779887940000}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10} \right) \right) \right)^3 (-1) + 10 \ln x \cdot 10 \ln x \cdot$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left(81 \left(1 - 2.861881779887940000 + \right. \right. \right.$$

$$10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.861881779887940000}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10} \right) \right)^3 (-1) + 89 + 7 =$$

$$96 - \frac{1}{7} \left[81 \left[-1.861881779887940000 + 10 \coth^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\frac{-1.861881779887940000 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2}}{\frac{-10 + \frac{1}{61} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2}}{2}} \right) \right]^3$$

Series representations:

Integral representations:

$$(-81[1-(2.86188177988794) + 10 \text{ atanh } (((((((1+(6^2+8^2)/(2*9^2)-(2.86188177988794))))) / ((1/81*sqrt(6^2*8^2)-10)))))))))((64*2)/10^3)$$

Input interpretation:

$$\left(-81 \left(1 - 2.86188177988794 + 10 \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{6^2 + 8^2}{2 \times 9^2} - 2.86188177988794}{\frac{1}{81} \sqrt{6^2 \times 8^2} - 10}\right)\right)\right)^{(64 \times 2)/10^3}$$

 $\tanh^{-1}(x)$ is the inverse hyperbolic tangent function

Result:

1.618478291345236343849011468058325401351447944122400678325...

1.6184782913... result that is a very good approximation to the value of the golden ratio 1,618033988749...

1.6184782913452363438490114680583254013514479441224006

Input interpretation:

1.6184782913452363438490114680583254013514479441224006

1.6184782913...

$$\frac{574\,081\,862\,166\,558\,393\,704\,516\,348}{354\,704\,703\,323\,142\,342\,218\,284\,581} = 1 + \frac{219\,377\,158\,843\,416\,051\,486\,231\,767}{354\,704\,703\,323\,142\,342\,218\,284\,581}$$

Possible closed forms:

$$\cosh\left(\sinh\left(\frac{8411398}{9100445}\right)\right) \approx 1.6184782913452363440579$$

$$\left(\frac{41531845}{21856069}\right)^{3/4} \approx 1.618478291345236371937$$

$$\frac{2581 - 8048 e + 3077 e^2}{782 e} \approx 1.6184782913452363442987$$

$$\frac{\log\left(\frac{157732589}{2826767}\right)}{\log(12)} \approx 1.618478291345236343864055$$

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\frac{4012714503\,\pi}{7788991963}\approx 1.618478291345236343871470
 root of 9146 x^3 - 57908 x^2 + 55621 x + 22892 near x = 1.61848
  1.618478291345236343852718
\pi root of 2599 x^4 + 2899 x^3 + 2620 x^2 - 2888 x + 213 near x = 0.515178 \approx
  1.618478291345236343860362
 root of 496 x^5 - 516 x^4 - 346 x^3 + 133 x^2 + 66 x - 956 near x = 1.61848
  1.618478291345236343869206
\pi root of 51239 x^3 + 136775 x^2 + 7267 x - 47051 near x = 0.515178 \approx
  1.618478291345236343851053
 root of 22892 x^3 + 55621 x^2 - 57908 x + 9146 near x = 0.617864
  1.618478291345236343852718
 root of 3295 x^4 - 7313 x^3 + 2616 x^2 - 559 x + 2447 near x = 1.61848
  1.61847829134523634384989152
\pi root of 1824 x^5 - 530 x^4 - 222 x^3 + 165 x^2 - 909 x + 426 near <math>x = 0.515178 \approx
  1.6184782913452363438434703
 root of 2447x^4 - 559x^3 + 2616x^2 - 7313x + 3295 near x = 0.617864
  1.61847829134523634384989152
3 \times 3^{1219/1860} e^{(683 \gamma)/310}
     8 × 2<sup>2131/2790</sup> ≈ 1.6184782913452363423785
\frac{645 + 686 \pi - 285 \pi^2}{-602 + 142 \pi + 15 \pi^2} \approx 1.61847829134523625287
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From:

With our choices one can now revert to the ordinary variables ϕ^{kl} , solving eq. (3.49) for a with h_1 as in (3.51) and substituting in the Lagrangian (3.52). The end result (with the scale f of eq. (1.1) set to one for brevity),

$$\mathcal{L} = 1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re} [\phi_t])^2 - |\phi_t|^2 - \text{Det}[\phi - \overline{\phi}] + 2\left(\text{Re} [\phi_d] - \sqrt{|\phi_d|^2}\right)}.$$
 (3.53)

has U(2) duality and reduces to the BI theory if the two Abelian field strengths coincide.

$$\mathcal{L} \ = \ 1 \ - \ \sqrt{ \left(1 + \operatorname{Re}\left[\phi_t\right] \right)^2 - \left|\phi_t\right|^2 - \operatorname{Det}[\phi - \overline{\phi}] + 2 \, \left(\operatorname{Re}\left[\phi_d\right] \ - \ \sqrt{\left|\phi_d\right|^2} \right) }$$

$$135^{-3} + 138^{3} = 172^{3} - 1$$

$$\phi_t = 9$$
; $\phi_d = 10$; $\phi = 138$; $\bar{\phi} = 135$

 $1-sqrt[((1+Re(9)))^2-9^2-Det\{\{1,\,138-135\},\,\{138-135,\,1\}\}+2(Re(10)-sqrt(10^2))]$

Input interpretation:

$$1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \text{Re}(9)\right)^2 - 9^2 - \left| \begin{array}{cc} 1 & 138 - 135 \\ 138 - 135 & 1 \end{array} \right| + 2\left(\text{Re}(10) - \sqrt{10^2}\right)}$$

Re(z) is the real part of z|m| is the determinant

Result:

$$1 - 3\sqrt{3}$$

Decimal approximation:

-4.19615242270663188058233902451761710082841576143114188416...

-4.1961524227...

$$-[((((1-sqrt[((1+Re(9)))^2-9^2-Det\{\{1,138-135\},\{138-135,1\}\}+2(Re(10)-sqrt(10^2))])))^5+(144*2+3)]$$

Input interpretation:

$$-\left[\left(1 - \sqrt{(1 + \operatorname{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2 - \left| \frac{1}{138 - 135} \frac{138 - 135}{1} \right| + 2\left(\operatorname{Re}(10) - \sqrt{10^2}\right)}\right]^5 + (144 \times 2 + 3)\right]$$

Re(z) is the real part of z|m| is the determinant

Result:

$$-291 - \left(1 - 3\sqrt{3}\right)^5$$

Decimal approximation:

1009.937032397458408104668380615687569231729424476866451704...

 $1009.937... \approx 1010$ (Ramanujan taxicab number)

Alternate form:

$$3012\sqrt{3} - 4207$$

Input interpretation:

$$2 \times (-1) \left(1 - \sqrt{(1 + \operatorname{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2 - \left| \frac{1}{138 - 135} \right| + 2\left(\operatorname{Re}(10) - \sqrt{10^2} \right)} \right)^6$$

Re(z) is the real part of z

Result:

$$244 + 2 \left(1 - 3\sqrt{3}\right)^6$$

Decimal approximation:

11161.86016056674229506978399874664772784838890751756385979...

 $11161.8601605... \approx 11161$ (Ramanujan taxicab number)

Alternate forms:

$$62292 - 29520\sqrt{3}$$

 $-12(2460\sqrt{3} - 5191)$

$$-34(((1-sqrt[((1+Re(9)))^2-9^2-Det\{\{1,138-135\},\{138-135,1\}\}+2(Re(10)-sqrt(10^2))])))-18+1/golden\ ratio$$

Input interpretation:

$$-34 \left[1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \operatorname{Re}(9)\right)^2 - 9^2 - \left|\frac{1}{138 - 135} \frac{138 - 135}{1}\right| + 2\left(\operatorname{Re}(10) - \sqrt{10^2}\right)}\right] - 18 + \frac{1}{\phi}$$

Re(z) is the real part of z |m| is the determinant ϕ is the golden ratio

Result:

$$\frac{1}{\phi} - 18 - 34 \left(1 - 3\sqrt{3}\right)$$

Decimal approximation:

 $125.2872163607753787880041136679646195458864450684645869238\dots \\$

125.28721636... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for T=0 and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{\phi} - 52 + 102\sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{\phi} - 18 + 34\left(3\sqrt{3} - 1\right)$$

$$\frac{2(51\sqrt{3} - 26)\phi + 1}{\phi}$$

$$-5+27*1/2*((((-34(((1-sqrt[((1+Re(9)))^2-9^2-Det{\{1, 138-135\}, \{$$

Input interpretation:

$$-5 + 27 \times \frac{1}{2} \left[-34 \left[1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2 - \left| \frac{1}{138 - 135} \right| + 2 \left(\text{Re}(10) - \sqrt{10^2} \right)} \right] - 18 + \pi + \frac{1}{\phi} \right]$$

Re(z) is the real part of z |m| is the determinant ϕ is the golden ratio

Result:

$$\frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\phi} - 18 - 34 \left(1 - 3\sqrt{3} \right) + \pi \right) - 5$$

Decimal approximation:

1728.788921693929822357301220191795652806128795315835852054... 1728.78892169...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j-invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729 (taxicab number)

Property:

$$-5 + \frac{27}{2} \left(-18 - 34 \left(1 - 3\sqrt{3}\right) + \frac{1}{\phi} + \pi\right)$$
 is a transcendental number

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\phi} - 52 + 102\sqrt{3} + \pi \right) - 5$$
$$\frac{27}{2\phi} - 707 + 1377\sqrt{3} + \frac{27\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\phi} - 18 + 34 \left(3\sqrt{3} - 1 \right) + \pi \right) - 5$$

Now, we have that:

Reverting to the field strengths, the Lagrangian takes finally the form

$$\mathcal{L} = 1 - \sqrt{(1 + \operatorname{Re}[\phi_t])^2 - |\phi_t|^2 - \operatorname{Det}[\phi - \overline{\phi}]}. \tag{3.63}$$

From

$$\mathcal{L} = 1 - \sqrt{(1 + \operatorname{Re}[\phi_t])^2 - |\phi_t|^2 - \operatorname{Det}[\phi - \overline{\phi}]} .$$

For $\phi_t = 9$; $\phi_d = 10$; $\phi = 138$; $\bar{\phi} = 135$, we obtain:

 $1-sqrt[((1+Re(9)))^2-9^2-Det\{\{1, 138-135\}, \{138-135, 1\}\}]$

Input interpretation:

$$1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2 - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 138 - 135 \\ 138 - 135 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}$$

 $\operatorname{Re}(z)$ is the real part of z|m| is the determinant

Result:

$$1 - 3\sqrt{3}$$

Decimal approximation:

-4.19615242270663188058233902451761710082841576143114188416...

-4.1961524227..... the same previous result

We have also:

$$(-(((1-sqrt[((1+Re(9)))^2-9^2-Det\{\{1, 138-135\}, \{138-135, 1\}\}])))^1/3+5*1/10^3$$

Input interpretation:

$$\sqrt[3]{-\left(1-\sqrt{\left(1+\text{Re}(9)\right)^2-9^2-\left|\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 138-135 \\ 138-135 & 1 \end{array}\right|}\right)}+5\times\frac{1}{10^3}$$

Re(z) is the real part of z|m| is the determinant

Result:

$$\frac{1}{200} + \sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3} - 1}$$

Decimal approximation:

1.617935813642020182463303405226893817920083356882506337493...

1.617935813642.... result that is a very good approximation to the value of the golden ratio 1,618033988749...

Alternate form:

$$\frac{1}{200} \left(1 + 200 \sqrt[3]{3\sqrt{3} - 1} \right)$$

We have that:

In terms of the field strengths, the Lagrangian becomes

$$\mathcal{L} = 1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}[\phi_t])^2 - |\phi_t|^2} . \tag{3.67}$$

 $1-sqrt[((1+Re(9)))^2-9^2]$

Input:
$$1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2}$$

Re(z) is the real part of z

Exact result:

$$1 - \sqrt{19}$$

Decimal approximation:

-3.35889894354067355223698198385961565913700392523244493689...

-3.3588989435...

Alternative representations:

$$1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} = 1 - \sqrt{-9^2 + (1 + \text{Im}(9 i))^2}$$

$$1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} = 1 - \sqrt{-9^2 + (1 - \text{Im}(-9 \,i))^2}$$

$$1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} = 1 - \sqrt{-9^2 + (10 - i \text{Im}(9))^2}$$

Series representations:

$$1 - \sqrt{(1 + \operatorname{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} = 1 - \sqrt{-82 + (1 + \operatorname{Re}(9))^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {1 \choose 2 \choose k} (-82 + (1 + \operatorname{Re}(9))^2)^{-k}$$

$$1 - \sqrt{(1 + \operatorname{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} = 1 - \sqrt{-82 + (1 + \operatorname{Re}(9))^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(-82 + (1 + \operatorname{Re}(9))^2\right)^{-k}}{k!}$$

$$1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \operatorname{Re}(9)\right)^2 - 9^2} = 1 - \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-1\right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(-81 + \left(1 + \operatorname{Re}(9)\right)^2 - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}$$
 for not $\left(\left(z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \le 0\right)\right)$

Multiplying the previous result by -0.481715587144498 that is equal to:

$$1/233*-((((76-4)\pi)-(322+29+7)*1/\pi))$$

we obtain:

$$1/233*-((((76-4)\pi)-(322+29+7)*1/\pi))*(((1-sqrt[((1+Re(9)))^2-9^2])))$$

Input:

$$\frac{1}{233} \times (-1) \left((76 - 4) \pi - (322 + 29 + 7) \times \frac{1}{\pi} \right) \left(1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} \right)$$

Exact result:

$$-\frac{1}{233} \left(1 - \sqrt{19} \right) \! \left(72 \, \pi - \frac{358}{\pi} \right)$$

Decimal approximation:

 $1.618033976746729868559323994611158393657325290039278466390\dots$

1.618033976746... result that is the value of the golden ratio 1,618033988749...

Property:

$$-\frac{1}{233}\left(1-\sqrt{19}\right)\left(-\frac{358}{\pi}+72\,\pi\right)$$
 is a transcendental number

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{233} \left(\sqrt{19} \, - 1 \right) \left(72 \, \pi - \frac{358}{\pi} \right)$$

$$-\frac{2(\sqrt{19}-1)(179-36\pi^2)}{233\pi}$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{19} - 1)(36 \pi^2 - 179)}{233 \pi}$$

Alternative representations:

$$-\frac{1}{233} \left((76 - 4) \pi - \frac{322 + 29 + 7}{\pi} \right) \left(1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} \right) =$$

$$-\frac{1}{233} \left(72 \pi - \frac{358}{\pi} \right) \left(1 - \sqrt{-9^2 + (1 + \text{Im}(9 \, i))^2} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{233} \left((76 - 4) \pi - \frac{322 + 29 + 7}{\pi} \right) \left(1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} \right) =$$

$$-\frac{1}{233} \left(72 \pi - \frac{358}{\pi} \right) \left(1 - \sqrt{-9^2 + (1 - \text{Im}(-9 i))^2} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{233} \left((76 - 4) \pi - \frac{322 + 29 + 7}{\pi} \right) \left(1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} \right) =$$

$$-\frac{1}{233} \left(72 \pi - \frac{358}{\pi} \right) \left(1 - \sqrt{-9^2 + (10 - i \operatorname{Im}(9))^2} \right)$$

Series representations:

$$-\frac{1}{233} \left((76 - 4) \pi - \frac{322 + 29 + 7}{\pi} \right) \left(1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} \right) = \frac{2 \left(-179 + 36 \pi^2 \right) \left(-1 + \sqrt{-82 + (1 + \text{Re}(9))^2} \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(-82 + (1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 \right)^{-k} }{233 \pi}$$

$$-\frac{1}{233} \left((76 - 4) \pi - \frac{322 + 29 + 7}{\pi} \right) \left(1 - \sqrt{(1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 - 9^2} \right) = \frac{2 \left(-179 + 36 \pi^2 \right) \left(-1 + \sqrt{-82 + (1 + \text{Re}(9))^2} \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k \left(-82 + (1 + \text{Re}(9))^2 \right)^{-k}}{k!} \right)}{233 \pi}$$

$$\begin{split} &-\frac{1}{233}\left((76-4)\,\pi-\frac{322+29+7}{\pi}\right)\!\left(1-\sqrt{\left(1+\operatorname{Re}(9)\right)^2-9^2}\,\right) = \\ &-\frac{2\left(-179+36\,\pi^2\right)\!\left(-1+\sqrt{z_0}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k\left(-81+\left(1+\operatorname{Re}(9)\right)^2-z_0\right)^kz_0^{-k}}{k!}\right)}{233\,\pi} \\ &-\frac{233\,\pi}{} \\ &-\operatorname{for\ not\ }\left(\left(z_0\in\mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \le 0\right)\right) \end{split}$$

Now, we have that:

$$\mathcal{L} = 1 - \sqrt{\left[1 + \frac{1}{4} (\mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \mathcal{F}^{-})\right]^{2} - \frac{1}{32} C - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{D}},$$

$$(5.8-5.9)$$

$$C = \left| (\mathcal{F}^{+})^{2} \right|^{2} + (\mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \mathcal{F}^{-})^{2} + \left| \mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \widetilde{\mathcal{F}^{-}} \right|^{2} + \left| \mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \widetilde{\mathcal{F}^{+}} \right|^{2},$$

$$(2^2)^2 + (2 \times 3)^2 + (2 \times 5)^2 + (2 \times 8)^2$$

408

C = 408

$$D = \left[\left(\mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \mathcal{F}^{-} \right)^{2} - \left(\mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \widetilde{\mathcal{F}}^{-} \right)^{2} + \left| \mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \widetilde{\mathcal{F}}^{+} \right|^{2} - \left| \mathcal{F}^{+2} \right|^{2} \right]^{2} + \left[\left(\mathcal{F}^{+} \right)^{2} \left(\mathcal{F}^{-} \cdot \widetilde{\mathcal{F}}^{-} \right) + \left(\mathcal{F}^{-} \right)^{2} \left(\mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \widetilde{\mathcal{F}}^{+} \right) - 2 \left(\mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \mathcal{F}^{-} \right) \left(\mathcal{F}^{+} \cdot \widetilde{\mathcal{F}}^{-} \right) \right]^{2}$$

$$(5.10)$$

$$[(2*3)^2-(2*5)^2+(2*8)^2-(2^2)^2]^2$$

$$((2\times3)^2 - (2\times5)^2 + (2\times8)^2 - (2^2)^2)^2$$

30 976

$$[2^2*(3*5)+(3)^2(2*8)-2(2*3)(2*5)]^2$$

$$(2^2 (3 \times 5) + 3^2 (2 \times 8) - 2 (2 \times 3) (2 \times 5))^2$$

7056

$$\left(\left(2 \times 3 \right)^2 - \left(2 \times 5 \right)^2 + \left(2 \times 8 \right)^2 - \left(2^2 \right)^2 \right)^2 + \left(2^2 \left(3 \times 5 \right) + 3^2 \left(2 \times 8 \right) - 2 \left(2 \times 3 \right) \left(2 \times 5 \right) \right)^2 \\ 38\,032$$

$$D = 38032$$

Thence:

$$\mathcal{L} = 1 - \sqrt{\left[1 + \frac{1}{4} (\mathcal{F}^+ \cdot \mathcal{F}^-)\right]^2 - \frac{1}{32} C - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{D}},$$

1-
$$\operatorname{sqrt}((((1+1/4(2*3))^2-1/32(408)-1/32(\operatorname{sqrt}(38032)))))$$

Input:

$$1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{1}{4} (2 \times 3)\right)^2 - \frac{1}{32} \times 408 - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{38032}}$$

Result:

$$1-i\sqrt{\frac{13}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{2377}}{8}}$$

Decimal approximation:

1 -

3.54884641420623512949851258564743971100517368738485736186...i

Polar coordinates:

$$r \approx 3.68705$$
 (radius), $\theta \approx -74.2631^{\circ}$ (angle) 3.68705

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{4}\left(4-i\sqrt{2\left(52+\sqrt{2377}\right)}\right)$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left(52 + \sqrt{2377}\right)}$$

1+ root of
$$64x^4 + 832x^2 + 327$$
 near $x = -3.54885i$

Minimal polynomial:

$$64 x^4 - 256 x^3 + 1216 x^2 - 1920 x + 1223$$

 $((((1-sqrt((((1+1/4(2*3))^2-1/32(408)-1/32(sqrt(38032))))))))^4 - 55i + (golden ratio)i$

Input:

$$\left(1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}(2 \times 3)\right)^2 - \frac{1}{32} \times 408 - \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{38032}}\right)^4 - 55 i + \phi i$$

i is the imaginary unit

ø is the golden ratio

Result:

$$i\phi + -55i + \left(1 - i\sqrt{\frac{13}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2377}}{8}}\right)^4$$

Decimal approximation:

84.0508011013711709689604386111978578060140271317272306163... + 111.203748236577129136527174054238412070089415979349593844... i

Polar coordinates:

 $r \approx 139.394$ (radius), $\theta \approx 52.917^{\circ}$ (angle)

139.394 result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

Alternate forms:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{256} \left(-256 \, i \, \sqrt{2 \left(52 + \sqrt{2377} \, \right)} \, + i \, 128 \, \sqrt{5} \, + 224 \, \sqrt{2377} \, + \right. \\ &\quad i \, 32 \, \sqrt{2 \left(511 \, 420 + 10 \, 489 \, \sqrt{2377} \, \right)} \, + 10 \, 596 - 13 \, 952 \, i \right) \\ &\quad i \, \phi + -55 \, i + \frac{1}{256} \left(\sqrt{2 \left(52 + \sqrt{2377} \, \right)} \, + 4 \, i \right)^4 \\ &\quad -55 \, i + \frac{1}{2} \, i \left(1 + \sqrt{5} \, \right) + \left(1 - i \, \sqrt{\frac{13}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2377}}{8}} \, \right)^4 \end{split}$$

Minimal polynomial:

79 228 162 514 264 337 593 543 950 336 x¹⁶ -52 468 850 625 071 557 571 324 481 110 016 x¹⁵ + 25 603 209 435 281 972 755 860 841 943 793 664 x¹⁴ - $7811659199744319292480648689116774400x^{13} +$ 1889 513 057 074 708 850 625 002 823 926 260 170 752 x¹² -331 445 056 901 235 858 699 716 289 180 316 137 947 136 x¹¹ + $47408412254625986730031814559813076286177280x^{10}$ 5 126 006 746 536 899 430 283 499 907 416 593 546 516 365 312 x⁹ + 485 223 526 076 130 174 516 112 041 544 827 864 936 731 377 664 x⁸ - $35496972632655962563131854178692921904465860100096x^7 +$ 2542506 261596 162573 979 800 117 251 627 245 182534 906 019 840 x⁶ - $122685740194384795631175853162642773133485017715965952x^5 +$ $7309025101278312840883841728767300711022693629864968192x^4$ $208213217324652462788311546797027091890904626705224171520x^3 +$ 11 033 513 561 385 470 011 447 927 667 651 262 861 637 666 903 505 862 885 376 138 643 452 011 937 923 815 051 003 108 090 761 479 435 795 558 312 273 421 312 x +6862239017182423017112684822140702761241186549848175935164801

Expanded form:

$$\left(\frac{2649}{64} - \frac{109 i}{2}\right) + \frac{i\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{7\sqrt{2377}}{8} + \frac{22 i\sqrt{\frac{13}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2377}}{8}}}{8} + \frac{1}{2} i\sqrt{\frac{2377}{2377}\left(\frac{13}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2377}}{8}\right)}\right)$$

Series representations:

$$\left(1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{2 \times 3}{4}\right)^2 - \frac{408}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}} - i55 + \phi i = \frac{-55 i + \phi i + \left(-1 + \sqrt{-\frac{15}{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{15}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)^4 \\
\left(1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{2 \times 3}{4}\right)^2 - \frac{408}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}\right)^4 - i55 + \phi i = \frac{-55 i + \phi i + \left(-1 + \sqrt{-\frac{15}{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(-\frac{15}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{k!}\right)^4 \\
\left(1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{2 \times 3}{4}\right)^2 - \frac{408}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}\right)^4 - i55 + \phi i = \frac{-55 i + \phi i + \left(-1 + \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(-\frac{13}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{k!}\right)^4 \\
= -55 i + \phi i + \left(-1 + \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(-\frac{13}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{k!}\right)^4$$

for not $((z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \le 0))$

 $((((1-\operatorname{sqrt}((((1+1/4(2*3))^2-1/32(408)-1/32(\operatorname{sqrt}(38032))))))))^4-55i-13i-Pi*i+1/2(2*3))^2-1/32(408)$

Input:

$$\left(1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}(2 \times 3)\right)^2 - \frac{1}{32} \times 408 - \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{38032}}\right)^4 - 55i - 13i - \pi i$$

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

$$-68 \, i + \left(1 - i \sqrt{\frac{13}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2377}}{8}}\right)^4 - i \, \pi$$

Decimal approximation:

84.0508011013711709689604386111978578060140271317272306163... + 93.4441215942374410498599438365932710681719374001687251611... i

Property:

$$-68 i + \left(1 - i\sqrt{\frac{13}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2377}}{8}}\right)^4 - i\pi$$
 is a transcendental number

Polar coordinates:

 $r \approx 125.683$ (radius), $\theta \approx 48.0294^{\circ}$ (angle)

125.683 result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for T = 0 and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

Alternate forms:

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{256} \left(-256 \, i \, \sqrt{2 \left(52 + \sqrt{2377} \right)} + 224 \, \sqrt{2377} \, + \\ & i \, 32 \, \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{511420 + 10489} \, \sqrt{2377} \, - 256 \, i \, \pi + 10596 - 17408 \, i \right) \\ -68 \, i + \frac{1}{256} \left(\sqrt{2 \left(52 + \sqrt{2377} \right)} + 4 \, i \right)^4 - i \, \pi \\ \frac{1}{64} \left((2649 - 4352 \, i) + 56 \, \sqrt{2377} \, + \\ & 352 \, i \, \sqrt{2 \left(52 + \sqrt{2377} \right)} + 8 \, i \, \sqrt{4754 \left(52 + \sqrt{2377} \right)} \right) - i \, \pi \end{split}$$

Expanded form:

$$\left(\frac{2649}{64}-68\,i\right)+\frac{7\sqrt{2377}}{8}+22\,i\,\sqrt{\frac{13}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{2377}}{8}}\right.\\ \left.+\frac{1}{2}\,i\,\sqrt{2377\left(\frac{13}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{2377}}{8}\right)}-i\,\pi\right)$$

Series representations:

$$\left(1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{2 \times 3}{4}\right)^2 - \frac{408}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}}\right)^4 - i55 - i13 - i\pi =$$

$$-68 i - i\pi + \left(-1 + \sqrt{-\frac{15}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\frac{1}{2} \choose k} \left(-\frac{15}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}\right)^{-k}\right)^4$$

$$\left(1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{2 \times 3}{4}\right)^2 - \frac{408}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}}\right)^4 - i55 - i13 - i\pi = \\ -68 i - i\pi + \left(-1 + \sqrt{-\frac{15}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}}\right)^{-k} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(-\frac{15}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}\right)^{-k}}{k!}\right)^4$$

$$\left(1 - \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{2 \times 3}{4}\right)^2 - \frac{408}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32}}\right)^4 - i55 - i13 - i\pi = \\ -68 i - i\pi + \left(-1 + \sqrt{z_0}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(-\frac{13}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{38032}}{32} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right)^4$$
 for not $\left(\left(z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \le 0\right)\right)$

From:

Integrable Scalar Cosmologies I. Foundations and links with String Theory P. Fre, A. Sagnotti and A.S. Sorin - arXiv:1307.1910v3 [hep-th] 16 Oct 2013

Depending on the choice made for the real exponent γ , these potentials can describe barriers or wells of different shapes, and the presence of the second term restricts in general the domain to the region $\varphi > 0$. For the sake of brevity and simplicity, we shall concentrate on a special but very significant case of potential wells, with $\gamma = \frac{1}{3}$, which affords relatively handy solutions in terms of elliptic functions. The potentials that we would like to discuss here in detail are thus

with $\lambda > 0$, since a relative factor between the two exponentials can clearly be absorbed into a shift of φ . One can also assume, without any loss of generality, that $0 < \gamma < 1$, so that the first

$$V_{IIIa}(\varphi) = \frac{\lambda}{16} \left[\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-6\varphi/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-2\varphi/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) e^{2\varphi/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) e^{6\varphi/5} \right]. \tag{5.18}$$

From the following Rogers-Ramanujan continued fraction:

$$\frac{e^{-\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{5}}}}{\sqrt{5}} = 1 - \frac{e^{-\pi\sqrt{5}}}{1 + \frac{e^{-2\pi\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{5}}} \approx 0.9991104684$$

$$1 + \frac{e^{-3\pi\sqrt{5}}}{1 + \frac{e^{-3\pi\sqrt{5}}}{1 + \dots}}$$

$$1 + \frac{e^{-4\pi\sqrt{5}}}{1 + \dots}$$

We put for $\varphi > 0$ $\varphi = 4$ and for $\lambda > 0$ $\lambda = 0.9991104$, an obtain:

$$0.9991104/16[(1-1/(3sqrt3))*e^{(-24/5)}+(7+1/(sqrt3))*e^{(-8/5)}+(7-1/(sqrt3))*e^{(8/5)}+(1+1/(3sqrt3))*e^{(24/5)}]$$

Input interpretation:
$$\frac{0.9991104}{16} \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right) e^{-24/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right) e^{24/5} \right)$$

Result:

11.13029...

11.13029...

Series representations:

$$\frac{1}{16} \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{24/5} \right) 0.99911 = \frac{1}{e^{24/5}} \left(0.0624444 + 0.437111 e^{16/5} + \frac{1}{24\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{24/5} \right) 0.99911 = \frac{1}{e^{24/5}} \left(0.0624444 + 0.437111 e^{16/5} + \frac{1}{24\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} +$$

$$0.437111 e^{32/5} + 0.0624444 e^{48/5} + \frac{0.0208148 \left(-1 + e^{16/5}\right)^3}{\sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \atop k\right)}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{16} \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{24/5} \right) 0.99911 = \\ \frac{1}{e^{24/5}} \left(0.0624444 + 0.437111 \, e^{16/5} + \right. \\ 0.437111 \, e^{32/5} + 0.0624444 \, e^{48/5} + \frac{0.0208148 \, (-1 + e^{16/5})^3}{\sqrt{2} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!}} \right) \\ \frac{1}{16} \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{24/5} \right) 0.99911 = \\ \frac{1}{e^{24/5}} \left(0.0624444 + 0.437111 \, e^{16/5} + 0.437111 \, e^{32/5} + \right. \\ 0.0624444 \, e^{48/5} + \frac{0.0416296 \, (-1 + e^{16/5})^3 \, \sqrt{\pi}}{\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{6}+j} \, 2^{-s} \, \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s)} \right) \end{split}$$

$$((((((0.9991104/16[(1-1/(3sqrt3))*e^{(-24/5)}+(7+1/(sqrt3))*e^{(-8/5)}+(7-1/(sqrt3))*e^{(8/5)}+(1+1/(3sqrt3))*e^{(24/5)}]))))^2+11+(1/(sqrt3))^3$$

Input interpretation:
$$\left(\frac{0.9991104}{16} \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{24/5} \right) \right)^2 + 11 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^3$$

Result:

135.0758...

 $135.0758... \approx 135$ (Ramanujan taxicab number)

Series representations:

$$\left(\frac{1}{16}\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5} + \left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5} + \left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5} + \left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right) \\ 0.99911\right)^2 + 11 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3 = 11 + \frac{8\sqrt{\pi}^3}{\left(\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma(-\frac{1}{2}-s)\Gamma(s)\right)^3} + \frac{1}{\left(0.00173302\left((-1+e^{16/5})^3\sqrt{\pi} + (1.5+10.5e^{16/5}+10.5e^{32/5}+1.5e^{48/5}\right)\right)} \\ \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right)\Gamma(s)\right)^2 \right) / \left(e^{48/5}\left(\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right)\Gamma(s)\right)^2 / \left(e^{48/5}\left(\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right)\Gamma(s)\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 + \frac{1}{2}\left($$

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{1}{16}\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5} + \left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5} + \left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5} + \left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right) \\ 0.99911\right)^2 + 11 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3 &= \\ \left(0.0038993\left(256.456\,e^{48/5} + 0.111111\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} - \right. \\ 0.666667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + 1.66667\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} - \\ 2.22222\,e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + 1.66667\,e^{64/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} - \\ 0.666667\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + 0.111111\,e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} - \\ 0.666667\,\sqrt{2}\,2\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2 - 2.66667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^2 \\ \left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2 + 7.33333\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^2\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2 - 7.33333\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^2\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2 + \\ 0.666667\,e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^2\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2 + 2.66667\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,^2\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2 + \\ 14\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3 + 63\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3 + \\ 14\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3 + 63\,e^{64/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3 + \\ 14\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3 + e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3 + \\ 14\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k$$

 $(((((0.9991104/16[(1-1/(3sqrt3))*e^{-(-24/5)}+(7+1/(sqrt3))*e^{-(-8/5)}+(7-1/(sqrt3))*e^{-(-8/$ $1/(sqrt3))*e^{(8/5)+(1+1/(3sqrt3))}*e^{(24/5)}))))^2+13+(1/(sqrt3))^3+golden ratio^2$

Input interpretation:
$$\left(\frac{0.9991104}{16} \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{24/5} \right) \right)^2 + 13 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^3 + \phi^2$$

ø is the golden ratio

Result:

139.6938...

139.6938... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

Series representations:

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{1}{16}\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right)\\ &0.99911\right)^2+13+\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3+\phi^2=\\ 13+\phi^2+\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}^3}{\left(\sum_{j=0}^{\infty}\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j}2^{-s}\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right)\Gamma(s)\right)^3}+\\ \left(0.00173302\left(\left(-1+e^{16/5}\right)^3\sqrt{\pi}\right.+\left(1.5+10.5\,e^{16/5}+10.5\,e^{32/5}+1.5\,e^{48/5}\right)\right.\\ &\left.\left.\sum_{j=0}^{\infty}\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j}2^{-s}\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right)\Gamma(s)\right)^2\right)/\\ \left(e^{48/5}\left(\sum_{j=0}^{\infty}\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j}2^{-s}\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right)\Gamma(s)\right)^2\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{1}{16}\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5} + \left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5} + \left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5} + \left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right) \\ 0.99911\right)^2 + 13 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3 + \phi^2 = \\ \left(0.0038993\left(256.456\,e^{48/5} + 0.1111111\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \\ 0.666667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 1.66667\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \\ 2.22222\,e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 1.66667\,e^{64/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \\ 0.666667\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 0.1111111\,e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \\ 0.666667\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 - 2.66667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 + \\ 7.33333\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 + 2.66667\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 + \\ 0.666667\,e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 + \sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + \\ 14\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + 63\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + \\ 14\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + \\ 256.456\,e^{48/5}\,\phi^2\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3\right) \right) / \left(e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3\right) \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\left(\frac{1}{16}\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right) \\ &0.99911\right)^{2}+13+\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{3}+\phi^{2}=\\ &\left(0.0038993\left(256.456\,e^{48/5}+0.111111\,\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}-\right.\\ &0.666667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}+1.66667\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}-\right.\\ &2.22222\,e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}+1.66667\,e^{64/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}-\\ &0.666667\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}+0.111111\,e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}-\\ &0.666667\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}\right)^{2}+7.33333\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{2}-2.66667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}\right)^{2}-7.33333\,e^{44/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{2}+2.66667\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{2}+\\ &14\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{3}+63\,e^{64/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{3}+\\ &14\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{3}+e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{3}+\\ &256.456\,e^{48/5}\,\phi^{2}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{3}\right)\right)\right)\right)\right\}\\ \left[e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{3}\right)\right]\right)\right\}\\ \left[e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{3}\right)\right]\right)\right\}\\ \left[e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)^{3}\right)\right]\right)\right]$$

 $(((((0.9991104/16[(1-1/(3sqrt3))*e^{-24/5})+(7+1/(sqrt3))*e^{-8/5})+(7-1/(sqrt3))*e^{-8/5})+(7-1/(sqrt3))*e^{-8/5})$ $1/(sqrt3))*e^{(8/5)+(1+1/(3sqrt3))}*e^{(24/5)}))))^2+(1/(sqrt3))^3 + golden ratio$

Input interpretation:
$$\left(\frac{0.9991104}{16} \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{24/5} \right) \right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^3 + \phi$$

ø is the golden ratio

Result:

125.6938...

125.6938... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for T = 0 and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{1}{16}\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right)\\ &0.99911\right)^2+\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3+\phi=\phi+\frac{8\sqrt{\pi}^3}{\left(\sum_{j=0}^\infty\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j}2^{-s}\,\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right)\Gamma(s)\right)^3}+\\ &\left(0.00173302\left(\left(-1+e^{16/5}\right)^3\sqrt{\pi}\right.+\left(1.5+10.5\,e^{16/5}+10.5\,e^{32/5}+1.5\,e^{48/5}\right)\right.\\ &\left.\left.\sum_{j=0}^\infty\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j}2^{-s}\,\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right)\Gamma(s)\right)^2\right)/\\ &\left.\left(e^{48/5}\left(\sum_{j=0}^\infty\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j}2^{-s}\,\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right)\Gamma(s)\right)^2\right)\right. \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{1}{16}\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5} + \left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5} + \left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5} + \left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right) \\ 0.99911\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3 + \phi = \\ \left(0.0038993\left(256.456\,e^{48/5} + 0.1111111\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \\ 0.666667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 1.66667\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \\ 2.22222\,e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 1.66667\,e^{64/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \\ 0.666667\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 0.1111111\,e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \\ 0.666667\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 - 2.66667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 + \\ 7.33333\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 + 2.66667\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 + \\ 0.666667\,e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2 + \sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + \\ 14\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + 63\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + \\ 14\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + \\ 14\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 + \\ 256.456\,e^{48/5}\,\phi\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 \right) / \left(e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 \right) \right) / \left(e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty 2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^3 \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{split} &\left(\frac{1}{16}\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right) \\ &0.99911\right)^2+\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3+\phi=\\ &\left(0.0038993\left(256.456\,e^{48/5}+0.111111\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}-\right.\right.\\ &0.666667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}+1.66667\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}-\right.\\ &2.22222\,e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}+1.66667\,e^{64/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}-\\ &0.666667\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}+0.111111\,e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}-\\ &0.666667\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2+2.66667\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^2\right.\\ &\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2+7.33333\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2-\\ &\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2+0.666667\,e^{96/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^2\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^2+\\ &\left(3\,e^{32/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3+14\,e^{16/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3+\\ &\left(3\,e^{64/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3+14\,e^{16}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3+\\ &\left(e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3+256.456\,e^{48/5}\,\phi\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3\right)\right]\right)\right)\right\}\\ &\left(e^{48/5}\,\sqrt{2}\,^3\left(\sum_{k=0}^\infty\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)^3\right)\right)\right)$$

where $729 = 9^3$ (see Ramanujan cubes)

Input interpretation:

$$\sqrt{729} \times \frac{1}{2} \\
\left(\left(\frac{0.9991104}{16} \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} \right) e^{24/5} \right) \right)^{2} + 4 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^{2} \right) - 2$$

Result:

1728.925...

1728.925...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j-invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729 (taxicab number)

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{729}\left(\left(\frac{1}{16}\times0.99911\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5}+\right.\right.\right.\\ &\left.\left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right)\right)^2+4+\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2\right)-2=\\ -2+\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{728}\left(4+0.0038993\left(e^{8/5}\left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\left(8-24/5\right)}\right)}\right)+\frac{1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}}{e^{24/5}}+\\ e^{24/5}\left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}\right)+\frac{7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}}{e^{8/5}}\right)^2+\\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}^2\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}2^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}728^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\\ k\right) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{729}\left(\left(\frac{1}{16} > 0.99911\left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5} + \left(7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5} + \left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right)\right)^2 + 4 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2\right) - 2 = -2 + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{728}$$

$$\left(4 + 0.0038993\left(e^{8/5}\left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\right)} + \frac{1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\right)}}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{2^{4/5}}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\right)}}{e^{3/5}}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\frac{1}{2\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\right)}}{e^{3/5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\frac{1}{2\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\right)}}{e^{3/5}} + \frac{7 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\right)}}{e^{3/5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\frac{1}{2\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\right)^2 + 4 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2\right) - 2} = -2 + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2o}\left(4 + 0.0038993\left(e^{8/5}\left(7 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2o}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\left(\frac{-1\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\left(3-z_0\binom{k}{z_0}k}\right)}{e^{24/5}}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2o}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\left(3-z_0\binom{k}{z_0}k}\right)}{e^{3/5}} + \frac{2^{24/5}}{e^{3/5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2o}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\left(3-z_0\binom{k}{z_0}k}\right)}{e^{3/5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2o}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\left(3-z_0\binom{k}{z_0}k}\right)}{e^{3/5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2o}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\left(3-z_0\binom{k}{z_0}k}\right)}{e^{3/5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2o}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\binom{k}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)k}{k!}\left(3-z_0\binom{k}{z_0}k}\right)}{e^{3/5}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2o}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\binom{k}{2$$

 $((((((((0.9991104/16[(1-1/(3sqrt3))*e^{(-24/5)}+(7+1/(sqrt3))*e^{(-8/5)}+(7-1/(sqrt3))*e^{(-8/$ $1/(sqrt3))*e^{(8/5)+(1+1/(3sqrt3))*e^{(24/5)}))))))^{1/5}$

Input interpretation:

$$\sqrt[5]{\frac{0.9991104}{16}\left(\left(1-\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(7+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(7-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(1+\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}\right)e^{24/5}\right)}$$

Result:

1.6192030...

1.6192030... result that is a good approximation to the value of the golden ratio 1,618033988749...

Now, we have that:

$$\mathcal{V}_{IIIb}(\varphi) = \frac{\lambda}{16} \left[\left(2 - 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-6\varphi/5} + \left(6 + 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-2\varphi/5} + \left(6 - 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{2\varphi/5} + \left(2 + 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{6\varphi/5} \right] .$$
(5.23)

We put for $\varphi > 0$ $\varphi = 4$ and for $\lambda > 0$ $\lambda = 0.9991104$, an obtain:

$$0.9991104/16[(2-18(sqrt3))*e^{(-24/5)}+(6+30(sqrt3))*e^{(-8/5)}+(6+30$$

Input interpretation: 0.9991104

$$\frac{16}{\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{24/5}\right)}$$

Result:

238.2350...

238.235...

$$\frac{1}{16} \left(\left(2 - 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6 - 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right)$$

$$0.99911 = \frac{1}{e^{24/5}} \left(0.124889 \left(1. + e^{16/5} \right)^3 + \left(-1.124 + 1.87333 e^{16/5} - 1.87333 e^{32/5} + 1.124 e^{48/5} \right) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{16} \left(\left(2 - 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6 - 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right) \\
0.99911 = \frac{1}{e^{24/5}} \left(0.124889 \left(1. + e^{16/5} \right)^3 + \left(-1.124 + 1.87333 e^{16/5} - 1.87333 e^{32/5} + 1.124 e^{48/5} \right) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} \right) \right) \\$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{16} \left(\left(2 - 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6 - 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right) \\ 0.99911 &= \frac{1}{e^{24/5} \sqrt{\pi}} \left(0.124889 \left(1. + e^{16/5} \right)^3 \sqrt{\pi} + \left(-0.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5} \right) \\ \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \end{split}$$

$$1/2*(((0.9991104/16[(2-18(sqrt3))*e^{(-24/5)}+(6+30(sqrt3))*e^{(-8/5)}+(6-30(sqrt3))*e^{(8/5)}+(2+18(sqrt3))*e^{(24/5)})))+11+8-Pi$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{0.9991104}{16} \left(\left(2 - 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6 - 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right) \right) + 11 + 8 - \pi$$

Result:

134.9759...

 $134.9759... \approx 135$ (Ramanujan taxicab number) and practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 134.9766 MeV

$$0.99911 ((2 - 18\sqrt{3}) e^{-24/5} + (6 + 30\sqrt{3}) e^{-8/5} + (6 - 30\sqrt{3}) e^{8/5} + (2 + 18\sqrt{3}) e^{24/5}) + 11 + 8 - \pi = 19 + \frac{0.0624444}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{0.187333}{e^{8/5}} + 0.187333 e^{8/5} + 0.0624444 e^{24/5} - \pi + \frac{(-0.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k} \binom{\frac{1}{2}}{k}}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{0.187333}{e^{8/5}} + (6 + 30\sqrt{3}) e^{-8/5} + (6 - 30\sqrt{3}) e^{8/5} + (2 + 18\sqrt{3}) e^{24/5})}{16 \times 2} + \frac{11 + 8 - \pi = 19 + \frac{0.0624444}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{0.187333}{e^{8/5}} + 0.187333 e^{8/5} + 0.0624444 e^{24/5} - \pi + \frac{(-0.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\frac{1}{2})^k (-\frac{1}{2})_k}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{(-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\frac{1}{2})^k (-\frac{1}{2})_k}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{(-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\frac{1}{2})^k (-\frac{1}{2})_k}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{(-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\frac{1}{2})^k (-\frac{1}{2})_k}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{(-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\frac{1}{2})^k (-\frac{1}{2})_k}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{(-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\frac{1}{2})^k (-\frac{1}{2})_k}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{(-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\frac{1}{2})^k (-\frac{1}{2})_k}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{(-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} + (-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} + (-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} + (-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5}) \sqrt{2} + (-2.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.$$

$$\frac{0.99911 \left(\left(2 - 18 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6 - 30 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right)}{16 \times 2}$$

$$+ 11 + 8 - \pi = \frac{1}{e^{24/5} \sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\left(\left(0.0624444 + 0.187333 e^{16/5} + 0.187333 e^{32/5} + 0.0624444 e^{48/5} + e^{24/5} \left(19 - \pi \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{\pi} + \left(-0.281 + 0.468333 e^{16/5} - 0.468333 e^{32/5} + 0.281 e^{48/5} \right)$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \text{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s)$$

 $1/2*(((0.9991104/16[(2-18(sqrt3))*e^{-24/5})+(6+30(sqrt3))*e^{-8/5})+(6-3)*e^{-8/5})$ $30(sqrt3))*e^{(8/5)+(2+18(sqrt3))}*e^{(24/5)}))+8-Pi+golden ratio$

Input interpretation:
$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{0.9991104}{16} \left(\left(2 - 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6 - 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right) \right) + 8 - \pi + \phi$$

ø is the golden ratio

Result:

125.5939...

125.5939... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for T = 0 and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

$$\begin{array}{c} \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{24/5}\right)}\\ 16\times2 \\ 8+\frac{8-\pi+\phi=}{0.0624444} + \frac{0.187333}{e^{8/5}} + 0.187333e^{8/5} + 0.0624444e^{24/5} + \phi - \pi + \\ \underline{\left(-0.562+0.936666e^{16/5}-0.936666e^{32/5}+0.562e^{48/5}\right)\sqrt{2}}\\ \underline{c^{24/5}} \\ \\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{24/5}\right)}\\ 16\times2 \\ 8+\frac{0.0624444}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{0.187333}{e^{8/5}} + 0.187333e^{8/5} + 0.0624444e^{24/5} + \phi - \pi + \\ \underline{\left(-0.562+0.936666e^{16/5}-0.936666e^{32/5}+0.562e^{48/5}\right)\sqrt{2}}\\ \underline{c^{24/5}} \\ \underline{c^{24/5}} \\ \\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{16\times2} \\ +8-\pi+\phi=\\ \underline{\frac{1}{e^{24/5}\sqrt{\pi}}\left(\left(0.0624444+0.187333e^{16/5}+0.187333e^{32/5}+0.0624444e^{48/5}+e^{24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{16\times2} \\ +8-\pi+\phi=\\ \underline{\frac{1}{e^{24/5}\sqrt{\pi}}\left(\left(0.0624444+0.187333e^{16/5}+0.187333e^{32/5}+0.0624444e^{48/5}+e^{24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{16\times2} \\ +8-\pi+\phi=\\ \underline{\frac{1}{e^{24/5}\sqrt{\pi}}\left(\left(0.0624444+0.187333e^{16/5}+0.187333e^{32/5}+0.0624444e^{48/5}+e^{24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}\right)}\\ \underline{0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/$$

 $1/2*(((0.9991104/16[(2-18(sqrt3))*e^{(-24/5)}+(6+30(sqrt3))*e^{(-8/5)}+(6-30(sqrt3))*e^{(8/5)}+(2+18(sqrt3))*e^{(24/5)})))+11-e+1/golden ratio$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{0.9991104}{16} \left(\left(2 - 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6 - 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right) + 11 - e + \frac{1}{\phi} \right)$$

φ is the golden ratio

Result:

128.0173...

128.0173...

$$\frac{0.99911 \left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6+30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6-30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2+18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right)}{16\times 2} + 11 - e + \frac{1}{\phi} = \\ 11 + \frac{0.0624444}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{0.187333}{e^{8/5}} - e + 0.187333 e^{8/5} + 0.0624444 e^{24/5} + \frac{1}{\phi} + \\ \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{-k} \left(-0.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \sqrt{2}}{e^{24/5}}$$

$$\frac{0.99911 \left(\left(2 - 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6 - 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right)}{16 \times 2}$$

$$+ 11 - e + \frac{1}{\phi} =$$

$$11 + \frac{0.0624444}{e^{24/5}} + \frac{0.187333}{e^{8/5}} - e + 0.187333 e^{8/5} + 0.0624444 e^{24/5} + \frac{1}{\phi} +$$

$$\frac{\left(-0.562 + 0.936666 e^{16/5} - 0.936666 e^{32/5} + 0.562 e^{48/5} \right) \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{e^{24/5}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 0.99911\left(\left(2-18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-24/5}+\left(6+30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{-8/5}+\left(6-30\sqrt{3}\right)e^{8/5}+\left(2+18\sqrt{3}\right)e^{24/5}\right)\\ 16\times2\\ +11-e+\frac{1}{\phi}=\\ 11+\frac{0.0624444}{e^{24/5}}+\frac{0.187333}{e^{8/5}}-e+0.187333\,e^{8/5}+0.0624444\,e^{24/5}+\\ \frac{1}{\phi}+\frac{1}{e^{24/5}}\left(-0.562+0.936666\,e^{16/5}-0.936666\,e^{32/5}+0.562\,e^{48/5}\right)\\ \sqrt{z_0}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-1)^k\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k\left(3-z_0\right)^kz_0^{-k}}{k!} \quad \text{for not}\left(\left(z_0\in\mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0\leq 0\right)\right) \end{array}$$

Input interpretation:

$$\sqrt{729} \times \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{0.9991104}{16} \left(\left(2 - 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \left(6 - 30\sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18\sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right) \right) + 11 - e + \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{4}{5}$$

ø is the golden ratio

Result:

1729.033...

1729.033...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j-invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729 (taxicab number)

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{729} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 16} 0.99911 \left(\left(2 - 18 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \right. \\ \left. \left(6 - 30 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right) + 11 - e + \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{4}{5} &= \\ \frac{1}{e^{24/5} \phi} 0.281 \left(2.84698 \, e^{24/5} \phi + 1.77936 \, e^{24/5} \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 728^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \\ 0.111111 \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 728^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + 0.333333 \, e^{16/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 728^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \\ 19.573 \, e^{24/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 728^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) - 1.77936 \, e^{29/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 728^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \\ 0.333333 \, e^{32/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 728^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \\ 0.111111 \, e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 728^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \\ 0.111111 \, e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \\ 1.66667 \, e^{16/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \, \sqrt{228} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k_1 - 3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left($$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{729} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 16} 0.99911 \left(\left(2 - 18 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \right. \\ \left. \left(6 - 30 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right) + 11 - e + \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{4}{5} = \\ \frac{1}{e^{24/5} \phi} 0.281 \left(2.84698 \, e^{24/5} \phi + 1.77936 \, e^{24/5} \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} + \right. \\ 0.111111 \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} + \\ 0.333333 \, e^{16/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} + \\ 19.573 \, e^{24/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} - \\ 1.77936 \, e^{29/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} + \\ 0.333333 \, e^{32/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} + \\ 0.111111 \, e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} - \\ \phi \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728} \right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} - \\ \frac{1.66667 \, e^{16/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \sqrt{728}}{k!} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{1} \right)^{k+k_2} 2^{-k_1-3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_{k_1} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_{k_2}}{k!} + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-1 \right)^{k_1+k_2} 2^{-k_1-3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_{k_1} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_{k_2}}{k_1! \, k_2!} + \\ e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{2} \sqrt{728} \, \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-1 \right)^{k_1+k_2} 2^{-k_1-3k_2} \times 91^{-k_2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_{k_1} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_{k_2}}{k_1! \, k_2!} \right)$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{729} \left(\frac{1}{2 \times 16} 0.99911 \left(\left(2 - 18 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{-24/5} + \left(6 + 30 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{-8/5} + \right. \\ \left. \left(6 - 30 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{8/5} + \left(2 + 18 \sqrt{3} \right) e^{24/5} \right) + 11 - e + \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{4}{5} &= \\ \frac{1}{e^{24/5} \phi \sqrt{\pi^2}} 0.8 \left(e^{24/5} \phi \sqrt{\pi^2} + 0.3125 e^{24/5} \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) + \\ 0.0195139 \phi \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) + \\ 0.0585416 e^{16/5} \phi \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) + \\ 3.4375 e^{24/5} \phi \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) - \\ 0.3125 e^{29/5} \phi \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) + \\ 0.0585416 e^{32/5} \phi \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) + \\ 0.0195139 e^{48/5} \phi \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) - 0.0878124 \phi \\ \sum_{j_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j_2=0}^{\infty} \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_1} 2^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_2} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) - \\ 0.146354 e^{32/5} \phi \sum_{j_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j_2=0}^{\infty} \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_1} 2^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) + 0.0878124 e^{48/5} \phi \\ \sum_{j_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j_2=0}^{\infty} \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_1} 2^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) + 0.0878124 e^{48/5} \phi \\ \sum_{j_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j_2=0}^{\infty} \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_1} 2^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_2} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) \right) \\ \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_2} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_2} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) \right) \right) \\ \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_1} 2^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_2} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) \right) \right) \\ \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_1} 2^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) \left(\operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j_2} 728^{-s} \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} - s \right) \Gamma(s) \right) \right) \right)$$

Now, we have that:

$$\mathcal{V}_{Va}(\varphi) = \lambda \left[a \cosh^{\frac{4}{3}} \left(\frac{3\varphi}{5} \right) + b \frac{\sinh^{2} \left(\frac{3\varphi}{5} \right)}{\cosh^{\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{3\varphi}{5} \right)} \right]
= \frac{a - b + (a + b) \cosh \left(\frac{6\varphi}{5} \right)}{2 \cosh^{\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{3\varphi}{5} \right)},$$
(5.29)

We put for $\phi > 0$ $\phi = 4$ and for $\lambda > 0$ $\lambda = 0.9991104$, and a = 138, b = 135 and obtain:

$$((138-135+(138+135)\cosh(24/5)))/((2\cosh^2(2/3)(12/5)))$$

Input:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

 $\cosh(x)$ is the hyperbolic cosine function

Exact result:

$$\frac{3+273\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

Decimal approximation:

2644.031410843619594106656897494426919135475769955533719560...

2644.03141084...

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{3\left(1+91\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{3}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \frac{273\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{3 \left(91+2 \, e^{24/5}+91 \, e^{48/5}\right)}{2 \, \sqrt[3]{2} \, e^{16/5} \left(1+e^{24/5}\right)^{2/3}}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{138-135+(138+135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}=\frac{3+273\cos\left(\frac{24i}{5}\right)}{2\cos^{2/3}\left(\frac{12i}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{138-135+(138+135)\cosh\!\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}=\frac{3+273\cos\!\left(-\frac{24\,i}{5}\right)}{2\cos^{2/3}\!\left(-\frac{12\,i}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{3 + \frac{273}{\sec\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}}{2\left(\frac{1}{\sec\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{3\left(1 + 91\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{576}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}\right)}{2\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{3\left(1 + 91\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^k\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - i\,z_0\right)\left(\frac{24}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)}{2\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^k\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - i\,z_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{3\left(1 + 91I_0\left(\frac{24}{5}\right) + 182\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)\right)}{2\left(I_0\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + 2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3}}$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{3\left(1 + 91\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{24}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)}{2\left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{6\left(115 + 546\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{24t}{5}\right)dt\right)}{\sqrt[3]{5}\left(5 + 12\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{12t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} &= \\ \frac{3\sqrt[3]{-i\int_{-i\,\infty+\gamma}^{i\,\infty+\gamma}\frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}\,ds}\left(2\,i\,\sqrt{\pi}\,+91\int_{-i\,\infty+\gamma}^{i\,\infty+\gamma}\frac{e^{144/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}\,ds\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[6]{\pi}\,\int_{-i\,\infty+\gamma}^{i\,\infty+\gamma}\frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}\,ds} &\text{for } \gamma>0 \end{split}$$

 $((138-135+(138+135)\cosh(24/5)))/((2\cosh^2(2/3)(12/5)))$ + golden ratio

Input:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \phi$$

 $\cosh(x)$ is the hyperbolic cosine function

ø is the golden ratio

Exact result:

$$\phi + \frac{3 + 273 \cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2 \cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

Decimal approximation:

2645.649444832369488954861484328792557253196079135339482422...

2645.649444832... result practically equal to the rest mass of charmed Xi baryon 2645.9

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{3}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \frac{273\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{3 + cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + \sqrt{5} \ cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + 273 \ cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2 \ cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\phi + \frac{e^{8/5} \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{273}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{273}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{273}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} \right)}{\left(1 + e^{24/5} \right)^{2/3}}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{138-135+(138+135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}+\phi=\phi+\frac{3+273\cos\left(\frac{24\,i}{5}\right)}{2\cos^{2/3}\left(\frac{12\,i}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{138-135+(138+135)\cosh\!\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}+\phi=\phi+\frac{3+273\cos\!\left(-\frac{24\,i}{5}\right)}{2\cos^{2/3}\!\left(-\frac{12\,i}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \phi = \phi + \frac{3 + \frac{273}{\sec\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}}{2\left(\frac{1}{\sec\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \phi &= \\ \frac{3 + \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}\right)^{2/3} + \sqrt{5}\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}\right)^{2/3} + 273\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{576}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}}{2\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \phi &= \\ \left(3 + 273\,I_0\left(\frac{24}{5}\right) + \left(I_0\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + 2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3} + \sqrt{5}\left(I_0\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + 2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3} + \\ 546\,\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)\right) / \left(2\left(I_0\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + 2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \phi &= \left(3 + \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^k \cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3} + \\ \sqrt{5} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^k \cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3} + \\ 273 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^k \cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{24}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right) / \\ \left(2 \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^k \cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3}\right) \end{split}$$

Integral representations:

Integral representations:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \phi = \frac{3 + \left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}} \sinh(t) dt\right)^{2/3} + \sqrt{5}\left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}} \sinh(t) dt\right)^{2/3} + 273\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{24}{5}} \sinh(t) dt}{2\left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}} \sinh(t) dt\right)^{2/3}} + 273\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{24}{5}} \sinh(t) dt$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \phi &= \\ \left(1380 \times 5^{2/3} + 5\left(5 + 12\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3} + 5\sqrt{5}\left(5 + 12\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3} + \\ 6552 \times 5^{2/3}\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{24\,t}{5}\right)dt\right) \Big/ \left(10\left(5 + 12\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \phi = \frac{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}{\left(6i2^{2/3}\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt[3]{-i\int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma}\frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}\,ds + 2\sqrt[3]{\pi}\int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma}\frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}\,ds + 2\sqrt[3]{\pi}\int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma}\frac{e^{36$$

 $(((1/3((138-135+(138+135)\cosh(24/5)))/((2\cosh^2(2/3)(12/5)))))-76+7-34*1/10^2$

$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 76 + 7 - 34 \times \frac{1}{10^2}$$

 $\cosh(x)$ is the hyperbolic cosine function

Exact result:

$$\frac{3 + 273 \cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{6 \cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - \frac{3467}{50}$$

Decimal approximation:

812.0038036145398647022189658314756397118252566518445731867...

 $812.0038036145... \approx 812$ (Ramanujan taxicab number)

Alternate forms:

$$-\frac{-25 + 3467 \cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) - 2275 \cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{50 \cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$-\frac{3467}{50} + \frac{1}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \frac{91\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{91\cosh\!\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - \frac{3467\cosh^{2/3}\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) - 25}{50\cosh^{2/3}\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{\left(2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)3} - 76 + 7 - \frac{34}{10^2} = -69 - \frac{34}{10^2} + \frac{3 + 273\cos\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{3\left(2\cos^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{\left(2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)3} - 76 + 7 - \frac{34}{10^2} = -69 - \frac{34}{10^2} + \frac{3 + 273\cos\left(-\frac{24\,i}{5}\right)}{3\left(2\cos^{2/3}\left(-\frac{12\,i}{5}\right)\right)}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{\left(2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)3} - 76 + 7 - \frac{34}{10^2} = -69 - \frac{34}{10^2} + \frac{3 + \frac{273}{\sec\left(\frac{24i}{5}\right)}}{3\left(2\left(\frac{1}{\sec\left(\frac{12i}{5}\right)}\right)^{2/3}\right)}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{\left(2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)3} - 76 + 7 - \frac{34}{10^2} =$$

$$-\frac{-25 + 3467\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}\right)^{2/3} - 2275\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{576}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}}{50\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{\left(2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)3} - 76 + 7 - \frac{34}{10^2} &= \\ -\frac{-25 - 2275\,I_0\!\left(\frac{24}{5}\right) + 3467\left(I_0\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + 2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3} - 4550\,\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\!\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{50\left(I_0\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + 2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{\left(2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)3} - 76 + 7 - \frac{34}{10^2} &= \\ -25 + 3467\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-i)^k\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3} - 2275\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-i)^k\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{24}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!} \\ &- \frac{50\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-i)^k\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{\left(2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)3} - 76 + 7 - \frac{34}{10^2} = \\ -\frac{-25 + 3467\left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)^{2/3} - 2275\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{24}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt}{50\left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{\left(2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)3} - 76 + 7 - \frac{34}{10^2} = \\ \frac{2300 \times 5^{2/3} - 3467\left(5 + 12\int_0^1 \sinh\left(\frac{12t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3} + 10920 \times 5^{2/3}\int_0^1 \sinh\left(\frac{24t}{5}\right)dt}{50\left(5 + 12\int_0^1 \sinh\left(\frac{12t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{\left(2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)3} - 76 + 7 - \frac{34}{10^2} = \left[50 i 2^{2/3} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt[3]{-i} \int_{-i + \gamma}^{i + \gamma} \frac{e^{36/(25 s) + s}}{\sqrt{s}} ds - 6934 \sqrt[6]{\pi} \int_{-i + \gamma}^{i + \gamma} \frac{e^{36/(25 s) + s}}{\sqrt{s}} ds + 2275 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{-i} \int_{-i + \gamma}^{i + \gamma} \frac{e^{36/(25 s) + s}}{\sqrt{s}} ds \int_{-i + \gamma}^{i + \gamma} \frac{e^{144/(25 s) + s}}{\sqrt{s}} ds\right] / \left[100 \sqrt[6]{\pi} \int_{-i + \gamma}^{i + \gamma} \frac{e^{36/(25 s) + s}}{\sqrt{s}} ds\right] \text{ for } \gamma > 0$$

 $(((138-135+(138+135)\cosh(24/5)))/((2\cosh^2(2/3)(12/5))))-843-76+4$

Input:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4$$

 $\cosh(x)$ is the hyperbolic cosine function

Exact result:

$$\frac{3 + 273 \cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2 \cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 915$$

Decimal approximation:

1729.031410843619594106656897494426919135475769955533719560...

1729.031410843...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j-invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross-Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729 (taxicab number)

Alternate forms:
$$-915 + \frac{3}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \frac{273\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - \frac{3\left(-1 + 610\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) - 91\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - \frac{273\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - \frac{3\left(610\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) - 1\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4 = -915 + \frac{3 + 273\cos\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cos^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4 = -915 + \frac{3 + 273\cos\left(-\frac{24\,i}{5}\right)}{2\cos^{2/3}\left(-\frac{12\,i}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4 = -915 + \frac{3 + \frac{273}{\sec\left(\frac{24i}{5}\right)}}{2\left(\frac{1}{\sec\left(\frac{12i}{5}\right)}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4 &= \\ -\frac{3\left(-1 + 610\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^{k}}{(2\,k)!}\right)^{2/3} - 91\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{576}{25}\right)^{k}}{(2\,k)!}\right)}{2\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^{k}}{(2\,k)!}\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4 &= \\ -\frac{3\left(-1 - 91\,I_0\left(\frac{24}{5}\right) + 610\left(I_0\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + 2\,\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3} - 182\,\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\left(I_0\left(\frac{12}{5}\right) + 2\,\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}I_{2\,k}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4 &= \\ -\frac{3\left(-1 + 610\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-i)^k\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3} - 91\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-i)^k\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{24}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)}{2\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-i)^k\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{2} - iz_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

Integral representations:

Integral representations:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4 = 2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)$$

$$-\frac{3\left(-1 + 610\left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)^{2/3} - 91\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{24}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)}{2\left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4 &= \\ \frac{3\left(230 \times 5^{2/3} - 1525\left(5 + 12\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{12t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3} + 1092 \times 5^{2/3}\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{24t}{5}\right)dt\right)}{5\left(5 + 12\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{12t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - 843 - 76 + 4 = \frac{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}{\left(3\left(2i2^{2/3}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{s}\right)^{3} - i\int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma}\frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}\,ds - 1220\sqrt[6]{\pi}\int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma}\frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}\,ds + \frac{91\times2^{2/3}\sqrt{s}}{\sqrt{s}}\sqrt{s}}\sqrt{s}\sqrt{s}\sqrt{s}}\,ds - 1220\sqrt[6]{\pi}\int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma}\frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}\,ds\right) \Big|/\left(4\sqrt[6]{\pi}\int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma}\frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}\,ds\right) \text{ for } \gamma>0$$

$$(((138-135+(138+135)\cosh(24/5))) / ((2\cosh^2(2/3)(12/5)))) - (2452.9-1535)$$

where 2452.9 and 1535 are the rest mass of the charmed Sigma baryon and Xi baryon

Input interpretation:
$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - (2452.9 - 1535)$$

 $\cosh(x)$ is the hyperbolic cosine function

Result:

1726.13...

1726.13... result very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson.

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - (2452.9 - 1535) = -917.9 + \frac{3 + 273\cos\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cos^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - (2452.9 - 1535) = -917.9 + \frac{3 + 273\cos\left(-\frac{24i}{5}\right)}{2\cos^{2/3}\left(-\frac{12i}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - (2452.9 - 1535) = -917.9 + \frac{3 + \frac{273}{\sec\left(\frac{24\,i}{5}\right)}}{2\left(\frac{1}{\sec\left(\frac{12\,i}{5}\right)}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - (2452.9 - 1535) &= \\ -\frac{917.9\left(-0.00163416 + \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^k}{(2\,k)!}\right)^{2/3} - 0.148709\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{576}{25}\right)^k}{(2\,k)!}\right)}{\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{144}{25}\right)^k}{(2\,k)!}\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - (2452.9 - 1535) &= \\ -\left(\left(917.9 \left(-0.00163416 + \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^k \cosh\left(\frac{ik\pi}{2} + z_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3} - \\ 0.148709 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^k \cosh\left(\frac{ik\pi}{2} + z_0\right)\left(\frac{24}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)\right) / \\ \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^k \cosh\left(\frac{ik\pi}{2} + z_0\right)\left(\frac{12}{5} - z_0\right)^k}{k!}\right)^{2/3} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - (2452.9 - 1535) = \frac{1}{i\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}} + \frac{1}{i\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}} + \frac{1}{i\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}} + i\sqrt[3]{i\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{24}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{split} \frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - (2452.9 - 1535) &= \\ -\frac{917.9\left(-0.00163416 + \left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)^{2/3} - 0.148709\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{24}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)}{\left(\int_{i\pi}^{\frac{12}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)^{2/3}} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{138 - 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\cosh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} - (2452.9 - 1535) = \\ \left(1.5 \left(-611.933\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma} \frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}} \,d\,s + 1.5874\,i\,\pi\,\sqrt[3]{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{i\,\pi}} \int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma} \frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}} \,d\,s \right. + \\ \left. 72.2267 \left(\int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma} \frac{e^{144/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}} \,d\,s\right) \sqrt{\pi} \,\sqrt[3]{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{i\,\pi}} \int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma} \frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}} \,d\,s\right) \right| / \\ \left(\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\,\omega+\gamma}^{i\,\omega+\gamma} \frac{e^{36/(25\,s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}} \,d\,s\right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0$$

From

$$\mathcal{V}_{Vb}(\varphi) = \lambda \left[a \sinh^{\frac{4}{3}} \left(\frac{3\varphi}{5} \right) + b \frac{\cosh^{2} \left(\frac{3\varphi}{5} \right)}{\sinh^{\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{3\varphi}{5} \right)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{-a + b + (a + b) \cosh \left(\frac{6\varphi}{5} \right)}{2 \sinh^{\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{3\varphi}{5} \right)}, \qquad (5.33)$$

We obtain:

for
$$\varphi > 0$$
 $\varphi = 4$ and for $\lambda > 0$ $\lambda = 0.9991104$, and $a = 138$, $b = 135$ and obtain: $((-138+135+(138+135)\cosh(24/5))) / ((2\sinh^{(2/3)}(12/5)))$

Input:

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

 $\cosh(x)$ is the hyperbolic cosine function

sinh(x) is the hyperbolic sine function

Exact result:

$$\frac{273\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right) - 3}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

Decimal approximation:

2672.237998872641217733820876740236691949476671178658401997...

2672.23799887...

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{3\left(91\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)-1\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{273 \cosh\!\left(\!\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2 \sinh^{2/3}\!\left(\!\frac{12}{5}\right)} - \frac{3}{2 \sinh^{2/3}\!\left(\!\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{3 \left(91-2 \, e^{24/5}+91 \, e^{48/5}\right)}{2 \, \sqrt[3]{2} \, e^{16/5} \left(e^{24/5}-1\right)^{2/3}}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{-3 + 273\cos\left(\frac{24i}{5}\right)}{2\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-e^{-12/5} + e^{12/5}\right)\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{-138+135+(138+135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{-3+273\cos\left(-\frac{24\,i}{5}\right)}{2\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-e^{-12/5}+e^{12/5}\right)\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{-3 + 273\cos\left(-\frac{24i}{5}\right)}{2\left(i\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{12i}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{3\left(-1 + 91\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{5/6}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}\right)}{2\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{3i\left(i + 91\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{24}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)}{2\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = -\frac{3i\left(-1 + 91\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{576}{25}\right)^k}{(2k)!}\right)\sqrt[3]{i\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{2k}}{(2k)!}}}{2\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{2k}}{(2k)!}}$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{10}}\left(75 + 364\int_0^1 \sinh\left(\frac{24t}{5}\right)dt\right)}{2\left(\int_0^1 \cosh\left(\frac{12t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{-138+135+(138+135)\cosh\Bigl(\frac{24}{5}\Bigr)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\Bigl(\frac{12}{5}\Bigr)}=\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{2}}}{5\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{2}}}\frac{5^{2/3}\left(-1+91\int_{\frac{1}{2}\pi}^{\frac{24}{5}}\sinh(t)\,dt\right)}{4\left(\int_{0}^{1}\cosh\Bigl(\frac{12t}{5}\Bigr)dt\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} = \frac{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}{-\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{2}}}{5}5^{2/3}\left(2\sqrt{\pi} + 91i\int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma}\frac{e^{144/(25s)+s}}{\sqrt{s}}ds\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}\left(\int_{0}^{1}\cosh\left(\frac{12t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3}} \quad \text{for } \gamma > 0$$

 $((-138+135+(138+135)\cosh(24/5))) / ((2\sinh^2(2/3)(12/5))) + 21 + Pi - 1/golden ratio)$

Input:

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi}$$

 $\cosh(x)$ is the hyperbolic cosine function

 $\sinh(x)$ is the hyperbolic sine function

Exact result:

$$-\frac{1}{\phi} + 21 + \pi + \frac{273 \cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right) - 3}{2 \sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

Decimal approximation:

2695.761557537481116124078933289150556715953531398227744956...

2695.7615575... result practically equal to the rest mass of charmed Omega baryon 2695.2

Alternate forms:

$$-\frac{1}{\phi} + 21 + \pi + \frac{3\left(91\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right) - 1\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(43 - \sqrt{5} \right) + \pi + \frac{273 \cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right) - 3}{2 \sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

$$21 - \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{5}} + \pi - \frac{3}{2 \sinh^{2/3} \left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + \frac{273 \cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2 \sinh^{2/3} \left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{-138+135+(138+135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\!\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)}+21+\pi-\frac{1}{\phi}=21+\pi-\frac{1}{\phi}+\frac{-3+273\cos\!\left(\frac{24\,i}{5}\right)}{2\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-e^{-12/5}+e^{12/5}\right)\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{-3 + 273\cos\left(-\frac{24i}{5}\right)}{2\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-e^{-12/5} + e^{12/5}\right)\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{-3 + 273\cos\left(-\frac{24i}{5}\right)}{2\left(i\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{12i}{5}\right)\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{-138+135+(138+135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \\ &\left(-3-3\sqrt{5}+273\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{576}{25}\right)^k}{(2\,k)!} + 273\sqrt{5}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{576}{25}\right)^k}{(2\,k)!} + 38\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2\,k}}{(1+2\,k)!}\right)^{2/3} + \\ &42\sqrt{5}\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2\,k}}{(1+2\,k)!}\right)^{2/3} + 2\,\pi\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2\,k}}{(1+2\,k)!}\right)^{2/3} + 2\,\sqrt{5}\,\pi\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2\,k}}{(1+2\,k)!}\right)^{2/3}\right) \right/ \\ &\left(2\left(1+\sqrt{5}\right)\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2\,k}}{(1+2\,k)!}\right)^{2/3}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \left(-3 - 3\sqrt{5} + 38\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)^{2/3} + 42\sqrt{5}\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)^{2/3} + 2\sqrt{5}\pi\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)^{2/3} + 273i\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{24}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!} + 273i\sqrt{5}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{24}{5} - \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right) / \left(2\left(1 + \sqrt{5}\right)\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)^{2/3}\right)$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{-138+135+(138+135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \\ &\left(-3-3\sqrt{5}+38\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)^{2/3} + 42\sqrt{5}\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)^{2/3} + 2\pi\left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)^{1+2k}}{(1+2k)!}\right)^{2/3} + 2\pi\left(\sum_{$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{-138+135+(138+135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \\ &\left(1125\times2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{5} + 225\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt{3}\right)^{10^{2/3}} + \\ &380\left(\int_{0}^{1}\cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3} + 420\sqrt{5}\left(\int_{0}^{1}\cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3} + \\ &20\,\pi\left(\int_{0}^{1}\cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3} + 20\sqrt{5}\,\pi\left(\int_{0}^{1}\cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3} + \\ &5460\times2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{5}\int_{0}^{1}\sinh\left(\frac{24\,t}{5}\right)dt + 1092\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{5} \sinh\left(\frac{24\,t}{5}\right)dt + \\ &\left(20\left(1+\sqrt[6]{5}\right)\left(1-\sqrt[6]{5}+\sqrt[3]{5}\right)\left(\int_{0}^{1}\cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right)dt\right)^{2/3}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{-138+135+(138+135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} = \\ &\left(-5 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[6]{5} - \sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt{10^{2/3}} + 152 \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3} + \\ &168 \sqrt{5} \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3} + \\ &8\,\pi \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3} + 8\,\sqrt{5}\,\pi \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3} + \\ &455 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[6]{5} \int_{\frac{1\pi}{2}}^{\frac{24}{5}} \sinh(t) \, dt + 91 \sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{5} \int_{\frac{1\pi}{2}}^{\frac{24}{5}} \sinh(t) \, dt \right) / \\ &\left(8\left(1 + \sqrt[6]{5}\right) \left(1 - \sqrt[6]{5} + \sqrt[3]{5}\right) \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12\,t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{-138 + 135 + (138 + 135)\cosh\left(\frac{24}{5}\right)}{2\sinh^{2/3}\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)} + 21 + \pi - \frac{1}{\phi} &= \\ -\left(\left(10 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{3}\right) \sqrt[6]{5} \sqrt{\pi} + 2\sqrt[3]{3} 10^{2/3} \sqrt{\pi} + 455 i 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[6]{5}\right) \\ \int_{-i + \gamma}^{i + \gamma} \frac{e^{144/(25 s) + s}}{\sqrt{s}} ds + 91 i \sqrt[3]{3} 10^{2/3} \int_{-i + \gamma}^{i + \gamma} \frac{e^{144/(25 s) + s}}{\sqrt{s}} ds - \\ 304 \sqrt{\pi} \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12 t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3} - 16 \pi^{3/2} \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12 t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3} - \\ 16 \sqrt{5} \pi^{3/2} \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12 t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3} - 336 \sqrt{5} \pi \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12 t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3}\right) / \\ \left(16 \left(1 + \sqrt[6]{5}\right) \left(1 - \sqrt[6]{5} + \sqrt[3]{5}\right) \sqrt{\pi} \left(\int_{0}^{1} \cosh\left(\frac{12 t}{5}\right) dt\right)^{2/3}\right) \int \text{for } \gamma > 0 \end{split}$$

Now:

It is thus convenient to define the two fields

$$\Phi_t = \sqrt{\frac{d-2}{2(d-1)}} \left(\frac{3}{2} \phi - \frac{10-d}{d-2} \sigma \right) , \qquad (6.7)$$

$$\Phi_s = \sqrt{\frac{10 - d}{2(d - 1)}} \left(\frac{1}{2} \phi + 3\sigma\right) , \qquad (6.8)$$

One can add to this discussion a further degree of freedom, allowing for an off-critical bulk of dimension d. Confining our attention to the case d > 10, let us add some cursory remarks on the resulting potential after a compactification to four dimensions. For simplicity, let us confine our attention to the contributions arising from D9 branes and from the conformal anomaly originally described by Polyakov in [43]. Up to shifts of the two fields Φ_s and Φ_t , the resulting potential

contains again two terms with identical normalizations, and assuming again that Φ_s is somehow stabilized, one is finally confronted with

$$V = V_0 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \gamma_9 \Phi_t} + e^{\sqrt{3} \gamma_\Lambda \Phi_t} \right) , \qquad (6.18)$$

where

$$\gamma_9 = \sqrt{\frac{d^2 - 14d + 184}{24(d - 4)}}, \quad \gamma_{\Lambda} = -\frac{10}{3} \frac{(d - 4)(d - 10)}{\sqrt{2(d^2 - 14d + 184)}}$$
(6.19)

Interestingly, for d slightly larger than ten γ_{Λ} is small and negative while γ_{9} is very close to one, so that one has a potential well which combines a steep wall with a rather flat one. As a result, the scalar is essentially bound to emerge from the initial singularity with the scalar descending along the mild wall and to stabilize readily at the bottom as the Universe enters a de Sitter phase.

for d = 11,
$$\phi$$
 = 6, σ = 8 and $V_0 > 0$; $V_0 = 0.5$
 (((sqrt(((11-2)/((2(11-1)))))))) * (3/2 * 6 - ((10-11)*8/(11-2)))

Input:

$$\sqrt{\frac{11-2}{2(11-1)}} \left(\frac{3}{2} \times 6 - (10-11) \times \frac{8}{11-2} \right)$$

Result:

Decimal approximation:

6.633668333249376099347215217236119498473834466847526315336...

$$6.6336683... = \Phi_t$$

Alternate form:

$$\frac{89\sqrt{5}}{30}$$

$$sqrt((((10-11)/(2(11-1))))) (1/2 * 6 + 3*8)$$

Input:

$$\sqrt{\frac{10-11}{2\,(11-1)}}\,\,\left(\frac{1}{2}\times 6 + 3\times 8\right)$$

Result:

$$\frac{27 i}{2 \sqrt{5}}$$

Decimal approximation:

6.037383539249432180304768905574445835689669570951119455531... i

Polar coordinates:

$$r \approx 6.03738$$
 (radius), $\theta = 90^{\circ}$ (angle) $6.03738 = \Phi_{\rm s}$

$$\gamma_9 = \sqrt{\frac{d^2 - 14d + 184}{24(d - 4)}}, \quad \gamma_{\Lambda} = -\frac{10}{3} \frac{(d - 4)(d - 10)}{\sqrt{2(d^2 - 14d + 184)}}$$

sqrt[(((11^2-14*11+184)))/((24(11-4)))]

Input:

$$\sqrt{\frac{11^2 - 14 \times 11 + 184}{24 (11 - 4)}}$$

Result:

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{151}{42}}}{2}$$

Decimal approximation:

0.948055654384026027535475008086838750296780006857956458452...

 $0.948055654 = \gamma_9$ - result very near to the spectral index n_s , to the mesonic Regge slope, to the inflaton value at the end of the inflation 0.9402 (see Appendix) and to the value of the following Rogers-Ramanujan continued fraction:

$$\frac{e^{-\frac{\pi}{5}}}{\sqrt{(\varphi - 1)\sqrt{5}} - \varphi + 1} = 1 - \frac{e^{-\pi}}{1 + \frac{e^{-2\pi}}{1 + \frac{e^{-3\pi}}{1 + \frac{e^{-4\pi}}{1 + \dots}}}} \approx 0.9568666373$$

From:

Astronomy & Astrophysics manuscript no. ms c ESO 2019 - September 24, 2019 Planck 2018 results. VI. Cosmological parameters

The primordial fluctuations are consistent with Gaussian purely adiabatic scalar perturbations characterized by a power spectrum with a spectral index $n_s = 0.965 \pm 0.004$, consistent with the predictions of slow-roll, single-field, inflation.

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Alternate form:

$$\frac{\sqrt{6342}}{84}$$

 $-10/3*(((11-4)(11-10)))/((2(11^2-14*11+184)))^1/2$

Input:

$$-\frac{10}{3} \times \frac{(11-4)(11-10)}{\sqrt{2(11^2-14\times11+184)}}$$

Result:

$$-\frac{35\sqrt{\frac{2}{151}}}{3}$$

Decimal approximation:

-1.34268245451301731435134380946037693444224131610524948089...

$$-1.342682454... = \gamma_{\Lambda}$$

Alternate form:

$$-\frac{35\sqrt{302}}{453}$$

Thence:

$$V = V_0 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \gamma_9 \Phi_t} + e^{\sqrt{3} \gamma_\Lambda \Phi_t} \right)$$

 $0.5(e^{(sqrt3*0.948055654*6.6336683)} + e^{(sqrt3*-1.342682454*6.6336683)})$

Input interpretation:

0.5
$$\left(e^{\sqrt{3}\times0.948055654\times6.6336683} + e^{\sqrt{3}\times(-1.342682454)\times6.6336683}\right)$$

Result:

26899.7...

26899.7...

$$0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \cdot 0.948056 \times 6.63367} + e^{\left(\sqrt{3} \cdot 6.63367\right)(-1) \cdot 1.34268} \right) = \\ 0.5 \left(e^{-8.90691 \sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k} {\binom{1/2}{k}}} \left(1 + e^{-15.196 \sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k} {\binom{1/2}{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \cdot 0.948056 \times 6.63367} + e^{\left(\sqrt{3} \cdot 6.63367\right)(-1) \cdot 1.34268} \right) =$$

$$0.5 \exp \left(-8.90691 \sqrt{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} \right) \left(1 + e^{15.196 \sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}} \right)$$

$$0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} 0.948056 \times 6.63367} + e^{\left(\sqrt{3} 6.63367\right)(-1)1.34268} \right) =$$

$$0.5 \exp \left(-\frac{4.45346 \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(s)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)$$

$$\left(1 + \exp \left(\frac{7.598 \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(s)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)$$

Now, from the formula of coefficients of the '5th order' mock theta function $\psi_1(q)$: (A053261 OEIS Sequence)

$$\operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{golden\ ratio}) * \exp(\operatorname{Pi*sqrt}(n/15)) / (2*5^{(1/4)} \operatorname{sqrt}(n))$$

for n = 294 and subtracting 322 that is a Lucas number and adding the conjugate of the golden ratio, we obtain:

(((sqrt(golden ratio) * exp(Pi*sqrt(294/15)) / (2*5^(1/4)*sqrt(294))))) - 322 +1/golden ratio

Input:

$$\sqrt{\phi} \times \frac{\exp\left(\pi \sqrt{\frac{294}{15}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{5}\sqrt{294}} - 322 + \frac{1}{\phi}$$

φ is the golden ratio

Exact result:

$$\frac{e^{7\sqrt{2/5} \pi} \sqrt{\frac{\phi}{6}}}{14 \sqrt[4]{5}} + \frac{1}{\phi} - 322$$

Decimal approximation:

26899.31667422566335943323798656204015406864467228630180239...

26899.3166...

Property:

$$-322 + \frac{e^{7\sqrt{2/5} \pi} \sqrt{\frac{\phi}{6}}}{14\sqrt[4]{5}} + \frac{1}{\phi} \text{ is a transcendental number}$$

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{5} - 645 \right) + \frac{1}{28} \sqrt{\frac{1}{15} \left(5 + \sqrt{5} \right)} e^{7\sqrt{2/5} \pi}$$

$$-322 + \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{5}} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{5}} e^{7\sqrt{2/5} \pi}}{28\sqrt{3} \sqrt[4]{5}}$$

$$\frac{14\sqrt[4]{5} \sqrt{6} (1 - 322\phi) + e^{7\sqrt{2/5} \pi} \phi^{3/2}}{14\sqrt[4]{5} \sqrt{6} \phi}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\sqrt{\phi} \ \exp\!\left(\pi\sqrt{\frac{294}{15}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{5} \sqrt{294}} - 322 + \frac{1}{\phi} &= \\ \left(10\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!} - 3220 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!} + 5^{3/4} \,\phi \right. \\ &\left. \exp\!\left(\pi\sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{98}{5} - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (\phi - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!} \right) / \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \\ \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \\ \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \\ \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k (294 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right. \\ \\ &\left. \left(10 \,\phi \sum_{k$$

$$\begin{split} & \frac{\sqrt{\phi} \, \exp \left(\pi \sqrt{\frac{294}{15}} \right)}{2\sqrt[4]{5} \sqrt{294}} - 322 + \frac{1}{\phi} = \\ & \left(10 \exp \left(i \, \pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(294 - x)}{2 \, \pi} \right\rfloor \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \, (294 - x)^k \, x^{-k} \, \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} - \right. \\ & 3220 \, \phi \exp \left(i \, \pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(294 - x)}{2 \, \pi} \right\rfloor \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \, (294 - x)^k \, x^{-k} \, \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} + \\ & 5^{3/4} \, \phi \exp \left(i \, \pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(\phi - x)}{2 \, \pi} \right\rfloor \right) \exp \left(\pi \exp \left(i \, \pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\frac{98}{5} - x \right)}{2 \, \pi} \right\rfloor \right) \sqrt{x} \right. \\ & \left. \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \, \left(\frac{98}{5} - x \right)^k \, x^{-k} \, \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \, (\phi - x)^k \, x^{-k} \, \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} \right) / \left. \left(10 \, \phi \exp \left(i \, \pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(294 - x)}{2 \, \pi} \right\rfloor \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \, (294 - x)^k \, x^{-k} \, \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} \right) \right. \end{split}$$

for $(x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x < 0)$

We have also that:

$$(((0.5(e^{(sqrt3*0.948055654*6.6336683)} + e^{(sqrt3*-1.342682454*6.6336683))))^{1/2+8}$$

Input interpretation:

$$\sqrt{0.5\left(e^{\sqrt{3}\times0.948055654\times6.6336683}+e^{\sqrt{3}\times(-1.342682454)\times6.6336683}\right)}+8$$

Result:

172.011...

 $172.011.... \approx 172$ (Ramanujan taxicab number)

$$\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \cdot 0.948056 \times 6.63367} + e^{\left(\sqrt{3} \cdot 6.63367\right)(-1) \cdot 1.34268}\right)} + 8 = 0.707107 \left(11.3137 + \sqrt{e^{-8.90691 \sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k} \binom{1/2}{k}} \left(1 + e^{15.196 \sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k} \binom{1/2}{k}}\right)\right)$$

$$\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \cdot 0.948056 \times 6.63367} + e^{\left(\sqrt{3} \cdot 6.63367\right)(-1) \cdot 1.34268}\right) + 8} = 0.707107$$

$$\left(11.3137 + \sqrt{\exp\left(-8.90691\sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right) \left(1 + e^{15.196\sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}\right)}\right)$$

$$\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \cdot 0.948056 \times 6.63367} + e^{\left(\sqrt{3} \cdot 6.63367\right)(-1) \cdot 1.34268}\right)} + 8 = 0.707107 \left(11.3137 + \sqrt{\left(\exp\left(-\frac{4.45346 \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(s)\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(1 + \exp\left(\frac{7.598 \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}-s\right) \Gamma(s)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)\right)$$

(((0.5(e^(sqrt3*0.948055654*6.6336683) + e^(sqrt3*-1.342682454*6.6336683))))^1/2-34-5

Input interpretation:

$$\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \times 0.948055654 \times 6.6336683} + e^{\sqrt{3} \times (-1.342682454) \times 6.6336683}\right)} - 34 - 5$$

Result:

125.011...

125.011... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for T = 0 and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

$$\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \cdot 0.948056 + 6.63367} + e^{\left(\sqrt{3} \cdot 6.63367\right)(-1) \cdot 1.34268}\right) - 34 - 5} = 0.707107 \left(-55.1543 + \sqrt{e^{-8.90691 \sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k} \binom{1/2}{k}} \left(1 + e^{15.196 \sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{-k} \binom{1/2}{k}}\right)\right)$$

$$\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \cdot 0.948056 + 6.63367} + e^{\left(\sqrt{3} \cdot 6.63367\right)(-1) \cdot 1.34268}\right) - 34 - 5} = 0.707107$$

$$\left(-55.1543 + \sqrt{\exp\left(-8.90691 \sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)} \left(1 + e^{15.196\sqrt{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}}\right)\right)$$

$$\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \cdot 0.948056 + 6.63367} + e^{\left(\sqrt{3} \cdot 6.63367\right)(-1) \cdot 1.34268}\right) - 34 - 5} = 0.707107 \left(-55.1543 + \sqrt{\left(\exp\left(-\frac{4.45346 \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \cdot \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(s)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)$$

$$\left(1 + \exp\left(\frac{7.598 \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Res}_{s=-\frac{1}{2}+j} 2^{-s} \cdot \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2} - s\right) \Gamma(s)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)\right)$$

And:

 $sqrt729*1/2*(((((0.5(e^{(sqrt3*0.948055654*6.6336683)} + e^{(sqrt3*-1.342682454*6.6336683)))))^1/2-34-2))+4/5$

Input interpretation:

$$\sqrt{729} \times \frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \times 0.948055654 \times 6.6336683} + e^{\sqrt{3} \times (-1.342682454) \times 6.6336683} \right)} - 34 - 2 \right) + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{$$

Result:

1728.95...

1728.95...

This result is very near to the mass of candidate glueball $f_0(1710)$ meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j-invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729 (taxicab number)

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{729} \left(\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \ 0.948056 \times 6.63367} + e^{\sqrt{3} \ (-1.34268) \, 6.63367} \right)} - 34 - 2 \right) + \frac{4}{5} = \\ 0.353553 \left(2.26274 - 50.9117 \sqrt{728} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 728^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{729}\left(\sqrt{0.5\left(e^{\sqrt{3}}0.948056\times6.63367}+e^{\sqrt{3}(-1.34268)6.63367}\right)}-34-2\right)+\frac{4}{5}=0.353553\left(2.26274-50.9117\sqrt{728}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}+\frac{15.196\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)\left(1+e^{15.196\sqrt{2}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}\right)}$$

$$\sqrt{728}\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{728}\right)^{k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}}{k!}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{729} \left(\sqrt{0.5 \left(e^{\sqrt{3} \ 0.948056 \times 6.63367} + e^{\sqrt{3} \ (-1.34268) \, 6.63367} \right)} - 34 - 2 \right) + \frac{4}{5} &= \\ 0.353553 \left(2.26274 - 50.9117 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (729 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!} + \right. \\ \left. \sqrt{\left(\exp\left[-8.90691 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (3 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!} \right) } \right. \\ \left. \left(1 + \exp\left[15.196 \sqrt{z_0} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (3 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!} \right) \right] \sqrt{z_0} \right. \\ \left. \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k (729 - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!} \right) \text{ for not } \left(\left(z_0 \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } -\infty < z_0 \le 0 \right) \right) \end{split}$$

 $(((((0.5(e^{(sqrt3*0.948055654*6.6336683)} + e^{(sqrt3*-1.342682454*6.6336683))))))^{1/21-7*1/10^{3}}$

Input interpretation:

$$21\sqrt{0.5\left(e^{\sqrt{3}\times0.948055654\times6.6336683}+e^{\sqrt{3}\times(-1.342682454)\times6.6336683}\right)}-7\times\frac{1}{10^3}$$

Result:

1.618325531898728836063509055847500751410065335542606770967...

1.6183255318.... result that is a very good approximation to the value of the golden ratio 1,618033988749...

Observations

All the results of the most important connections are signed in blue throughout the drafting of the paper. We highlight as in the development of the various equations we use always the constants π , ϕ , $1/\phi$, the Fibonacci and Lucas numbers, linked to the golden ratio, that play a fundamental role in the development, and therefore, in the final results of the analyzed expressions.

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